THE COLUMBIAN.

COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at

BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

At two dollars per year, 50 cents discount allowed when paid in advance. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

Letters sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing department of the COLUMBIAN IS very complete, and our J. O. Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. E. ELWELL, J. K. BITTENBENDER, } Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1880.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XIV, NO. 9.
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLIV, NO. 9.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE.	1M.	2M.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2.00	$2.50	$3.00	$5.00	$8.00
Two inches	3.00	4.00	5.00	8.00	13.00
Three inches	4.00	4.50	7.00	12.00	18.00
Four inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	13.00	20.00
Quarter column	6.00	8.00	10.00	15.00	25.00
Half column	10.00	13.00	15.00	25.00	40.00
One column	20.00	25.00	30.00	50.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted, except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices, three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line; regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors, and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office,

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL KNORR. Attorney-at-Law, Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office Market street. Above 4th East side.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office and Residence on Third street,

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market,

M. McHENRY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician. Office N. W. C. Market and Fifth St. Diseases of the eye a specialty. aug. 29, 6m.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Oct. 1, '79. Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
Oct. 1, 1879

W. H. HOUSE,
DENTIST.
BLOOMSBURG, COL. CO. PA.

All styles of work done in a superior manner, work warranted as represented. TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Good sets of Teeth $10. Office Corner Main and Iron Streets.
To be open at all hours during the day
Will be at the office of Dr. L. B. Kline in Catawissa on Wednesday of each week.
Nov. 28-1y

MISCELLANEOUS

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main street.

AUGUSTUS FREUND, Practical homeopathic Horse and Cow Doctor, Bloomsburg, Pa. Nov. 14, '79-1y

W. Y. KESTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Room No. 18, OPERA HOUSE BUILDING, Bloomsburg.
[nov13-1879.

LAWYERS.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe. oct. 1, 1879.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Jan. 11, 1878

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law,
Increase of Pensions Obtained, Collections Made.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's BUILDING.

C. E & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office over Schuyler's Hardware Store.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—In Barman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

H. LITTLE. ROBT. B. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. B. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa.

B. FRANK ZARR.
Attorney-at-Law.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in UNANGST'S BUILDING, on Main street second door above Centre.
Can be consulted in German.
Jan. 16, '80-1f

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Member of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe. oct. 1, 1879.

CATAWISSA.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-48

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets.

THOMAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY. Exchange Hotel Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	30,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,00
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,100,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,000,000
	$80,631,000

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg.
March 26,'80—y

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa
Franklin, of " "
Pennsylvania of " "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of " "
Office on Market Street No. 6, Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 26, 79-1y.

PATENTS
and how to obtain them. Pamphlet free, upon receipt of Stamp for postage. Address—
GILMORE, SMITH & CO.
Solicitors of Patents,
Near Patent Office, Washington, D. C.
dec 5-tf

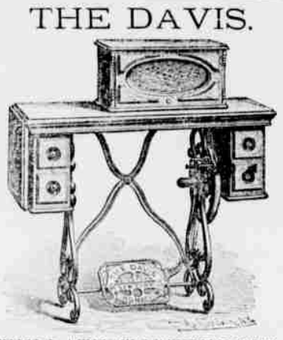
C. E. SAVAGE,
DEALER IN
Silverware. Watches, Jewelry. Clocks. &c.

All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly repaired and warranted.
[Oct 15, 78-tf

NEW FIRM!
The well known C. B. WHITE, Proprietor of the ORANGEVILLE AGRICULTURAL WORKS, has sold a half interest in the same to J. W. Conner. The company have repaired the works, and are prepared to accommodate all who want anything in the line of Agricultural Implements. They have just completed a new left hand White plow, which it possible, will beat the right hand. Also surface plows or jointers for the same. A new Thresher and Cleaner with centre shaker of fiddle shoe, called the
White Thresher and Cleaner,
with both lever and railway powers on a greatly improved plan. We manufacture LAND ROLLERS with cast iron heads, Corn Plows, double and single Cultivators, side hill Plows, Mill Castings. Turning of every description done with promptness. We keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Plow Shares for our own and many other plows that are used in the country. We will not be undersold in work or material of the same quality. All our work is warranted to give satisfaction, or the money refunded. WE DEFY COMPETITION. Farmers, and the public in general are respected to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
WHITE & CONNER,
Jan. 16, '79-1y ORANGEVILLE, PA.
B. F. SHARPLESS, D. LEACOCK.

NEW FIRM.
SHARPLESS & LEACOCK,
Cor. Centre and Rail Road Sts., near L. & B. Depot.
Lowest Prices----will not be undersold.
Manufacturers of MINE CAR WHEELS, Coal Breaker and Bridge Castings, Water Pipes, Stoves, Tinware, Plows, IRON FENCE, and all kinds of Iron and Brass Castings.
The original Montrose, Iron beam, right hand, left hand, and side hill Plows, the best in the market, and all kinds of plow repairs.
Cook Stoves, Room Stoves, and Stoves for heating stores, school houses, churches, &c. Also the largest stock of repairs for city stoves, wholesale and retail, such as Fire Brick, Grates, Cross Pieces, Lids &c. &c., Stove Pipe, Cook Boilers, Skillits, Cake-Plates, large Iron Kettles, (20 gallons to 15 barrels) Farm Bells, Sled Soles, Wagon Boxes,
"Allentown Bone Manure"
PLASTER, SALT, &c., &c.
jan 9, '80-1y

THE DAVIS.



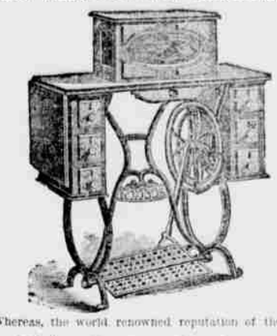
THE LATEST IS THE BEST.
The Greatest Sewing Machine of the Age
Don't fail to see this wonderful piece of perfection, the New Davis Vertical Feed Shuttle Sewing Machine. Manufactured at Watertown, New York.
All are cordially invited to call and inspect the New Machine and obtain samples of work, more beautiful and desirable than ever before accomplished and utterly impossible for any other to duplicate. Thousands witnessing the immense range of work, and discarding their old machines for the NEW MACHINE, is sufficient proof of its superiority and bring for the DAVIS a trade that runs the factory to its fullest capacity.
The Vertical Feed,
Which supercedes the under feed, is the hinge upon which swings the UNPARALLELED SUCCESS,
Composed of only 13 Working Parts,
while others have from forty to seventy-five, making the least complicated, the most durable and most reliable machine in use.
It positively leads all others, DOING AWAY with all basting, and is the LIGHTEST RUNNING SHUTTLE MACHINE IN THE WORLD! and gives general satisfaction. Will be sold at the recent popular REDUCED SCALE OF PRICES. Samples of work free.
J. SALTZER, Gen'l Agent,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 3, '79-1y.

PAINTING
AND
Paper Hanging.
WM. F. BODINE,
IRON ST., BELOW SECOND, BLOOMSBURG, PA is prepared to do all kinds of
HOUSE PAINTING
Plain and Ornamental
PAPER HANGING,
BOTH DECORATIVE AND PLAIN.
All kinds of Furniture Repaired, and made as good as new.
NONE BUT FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN EMPLOYED
Estimates Made on all Work.
WM. F. BODINE.
Oct. 1, 1878.

FIRE INSURANCE.
CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, BLOOMSBURG, PA.
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.
GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.
These OLD CORPORATIONS are well seasoned by age and FIRE TESTED and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of FIRE only.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, SPECIAL AGENT AND ADJUSTER BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The people of Columbia County should patronize the agency where losses if any are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.
PROMPTNESS, EQUITY FAIR DEALING
Nov. 16, '80.

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP!
50 Years Before the Public.
Pronounced by all to be the most Pleasant and efficacious remedy in use, for the cure of coughs, colds, croup, hoarseness, tickling sensation of the throat, whooping cough, etc. OVER A MILLION BOTTLES SOLD WITHIN THE LAST FEW YEARS. It gives relief when every used, and has the power to impart benefit that cannot be had from the cough mixtures now in use. Sold by all Druggists at 25 cents per bottle.
SELLERS' LIVER PILLS are also highly recommended for curing liver complaint, constipation, sick-headaches, fever and ague, and all diseases of the stomach and liver. Sold by all druggists at 25 cents per box.
R. E. Sellers & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.
oct 3, '79-1y.

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE.



Whereas, the world renowned reputation of the
White Sewing Machine
induces many unscrupulous competitors to resort to all kinds of mean tricks to injure its reputation, we beg to caution all intending purchasers not to buy a
WHITE MACHINE
except from its regular authorized dealers, who will be sustained by the following warranty.
WE WARRANT THE NATURAL WEAR AND TEAR OF THE
White Shuttle Sewing Machine,
PLATE NUMBER 103339 FOR FAMILY PURPOSES, AND HEREBY AGREE TO KEEP THE SAME IN REPAIR FOR THE TERM OF FIVE YEARS FROM THIS DATE, FREE OF CHARGE.
This warranty excepts the breakage of needles bobbins and shuttles.
This warranty will not be sustained unless the late number above given corresponds with the number on the shuttle face slide. Beware of defaced & altered numbers
WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.
The "WHITE" Shuttle Sewing Machine
Has GREATER CAPACITY than any other family sewing Machine for doing every variety of work.
J. SALTZER, General Agent,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Oct. 3, 79-1y.

$66 A WEEK in your own town, and no capital risked. You can give the business a trial without expense. The best opportunity ever offered for those willing to work. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business we offer. No room to explain here. You can devote all your time or only your spare time to the business, and make great pay for every hour that you work. Women make as much as men. Send for special private terms and particulars, which we mail free. $5 outfit free. Don't complain of hard times while you have such chances. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.
oct 3, 79-1y

THE ONLY CURE
For Diabetes, Gravel, Dropsy, Bright's Disease, Pain in the Back, Inability to Retain or Expel the Urine, Catarrh of the Bladder, Burning or Painful Urinating, Brick Dust Deposits, Affections of the Spine, Nervous Debility, Female Weakness, and all Diseases of the
Kidney, Bladder and Urinating Organs.
It avoids Internal medicines. Is comfortable to the patient. Certain in its effect, and CURES when nothing else can. Avoid all other Kidney Pads, as many worthless imitations are being offered upon the market. We will send certificates of cures, and our book, "How a Life was Saved," free upon the receipt of your address.
DAVIS' PAD is sold by Druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, $2.00.
Distributing Agency at the
PEOPLES' DRUG STORE,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
jan 23, '80-1y

ESPY PLANING MILL.
The undersigned lessee of the Espy Planing Mill, is prepared to do all kinds of mill work.
Doors, Frames, Sash, Blinds, etc.
made to order on short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed.
CHARLES KLICK,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

$1500 TO $3000 A YEAR, or $5 to $20 a day in your own locality. No risk. Women do as well as men. Many make more than the amount stated above, so one can fail to make money fast. Any one can do the work. You can make from 50 cents to $5 an hour by devoting your evenings and spare time to the business. It costs nothing to try the business. Nothing like it for money making ever offered before. Business pleasant and strictly honorable. Reader, if you want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address and we will send you full particulars and private terms free; samples worth $5 also free; you can then make up your mind for yourself. Address GEORGE STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. oct 3, '79-1y

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS
Do you feel that any one of your organs—your stomach, liver, bowels or nervous system, falters in its work? If so, repair the damage with the most powerful, yet harmless, of invigorants. Remember that debility is the "Beginning of the End"—that the slim KEY of all weakness is a universal paralysis of the system, and that such parley is to the inebriate precursor of Death.
For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.
Oct 2, '79.

Poetical.

LIFE'S WEST WINDOWS.

We stand at life's west windows,
And think of the days that are gone;
Remembering the coming sunset,
We too must remember the morn:
But the sun will set, the day will close,
And an end will come to all our woes.

As we watch from the western casements,
Reviewing our happy youth,
We mourn for its vanished promise
Of honor, ambition and truth:
Our hopes will fail and pride decay,
When we think how soon we must away.

We stand at life's west windows,
And turn not sadly away,
To watch on the children's faces
But our sun must set, our lips grow dumb,
And to look from our window our children come.

Still looking from life's west windows;
And we know we would not again
Look forth from the eastern lattice,
And live over life's pain;
Though its last sunrise be brilliant its sunset is sweet,
Since it brings longed-for rest to our weary feet.

PORTO FINO.

BY A. W. GOLDEN.

I know a girl—she is a poet's daughter,
And many-moded like a poet's day,
And changing as the Mediterranean water:
We walked together by an emerald bay.

So deep, so green, so promontory-hidden
That the Lee mariner might peer in vain
Through storms, to find where he erewhile had ridden
Safe-sheltered from the wild and windy main.

Down the high stairs we clambered just to rest a
Cool moment in the church's antique shade,
How gay the niches and altars! 'Twas the festa
Of brave Saint George who the old dragon laid.

How bright the little port! The red flags fluttered,
Loud clanged the bells, and loud the children's glee;
What though some distant, unseen storm-cloud muttered,
And waves breathed ugly along the weedy quay.

We climbed the hill whose rising cleaves asunder
Green bay and blue immeasurable sea;
We heard the breakers at its bases thunder;
We heard the chanting priests' harsh minstrelsy.

Then through the graveyard's straight and narrow portal
Our journey led. How dark the place! How strange!
Its steep, black mountain walls—as if the Immortal
Spirit could thus be stayed its skyward range!

Beyond, the smoky olives clothed the mountains
In green dirt; row in many a moonlight night.
Below, through cleft and chasm leaped snowey fountains.
Above, the sky was warm, and blue and bright.

When, sudden, from out a fair and smiling heaven
Burst forth the rain, quick as a trumpet-blare:
Yet still the Italian sun each drop did leaven
And turned the rain to diamonds in the air.

—*Scribner for February.*

Select Story.

ACROSS THE SEA.

The Pomerania was three days out from Havre, sailing briskly along at the rate of fourteen knots, her sails filled by the stiff Easterly breeze, and every one on board cheered with the prospect of a quick run. Most of the passengers were on deck, stretched indolently upon the settees or leaning idly against the taffrail. Of the latter, Mr. Ralph Hawthorne was one. A sea voyage was always a bore to him, and by no means a novelty, for it came in the line of his business, and had already come, in his life of 30 years, fifteen times. But on this occasion its monotony promised to be relieved by an apparition that had just come up the companion way, in the person of Miss Nelly Egerton, and was now standing somewhat uncertainly in the door, waiting for the vessel to resume its equilibrium and allow a safe exit.

Hawthorne seemed to have some intuitive consciousness of her approach, for he turned around and called out with a welcoming smile. 'Wait a moment, Miss Egerton, and I'll give you a hand.'

But she had already come out, deftly balancing herself, and accepting his proffered aid only as the ship gave another lurch and sent her sliding down toward the railing.

'What a breezy day!' she exclaimed, merrily, grasping the rail and tossing back the strands of hair which the wind blew out from underneath the picturesque little hat and chased about her forehead.

'It's with us, though, Miss Egerton, and we can bear it with equanimity.'

'Aren't we making a very good run, Mr. Hawthorne?'

The gentleman nodded. 'Very good, if it only keeps up.'

'You're all alone on board, aren't you Miss Egerton?' he asked.

'I'm sure I feel so,' she replied. 'Madame De la Vigne came with me to Havre, but since we left I have hardly spoken to a soul; and besides yourself, Mr. Hawthorne, there isn't another English person on board.'

'But you're not altogether English, Miss Egerton; your accent at least suggests some foreign element.'

'My mother was French,' she said, 'and I lived in France ever since I was a little girl. I was born, though, in India. Papa and mamma both died there,' she continued, after a minute—'papa first, and mamma knew nothing about his relatives, and hadn't any of her own, so at last she sent me to her old friend Mrs. Lancaster, who had taught her English at Madame De la Vigne's pension in Tours. And so I grew up there, and used to talk English to Mrs. Lancaster and French to Madame, until Mrs. Lancaster died, and Madame, and I came to Paris, where we've given French and English lessons in the Rue Neuve des Mathurins ever since. That was two years ago.'

'And now you're going to America?'

'Yes, Mr. Hawthorne.'

For the first time?'

'Yes.'

'And you expect to enjoy it, no doubt?'

'I hope to, Mr. Hawthorne.'

'You have friends in New York?' he ventured after a moment to ask, not so much from curiosity as genuine interest in her lonely condition. But the simple affirmative which she gave checked any further inquiry.

So the days went on, each one wearing off a little of the young girl's shyness and reverse, and confirming Ralph's purpose to win it altogether away, and secure that last bit of her confidence which she still carefully withheld. And yet, intimate as their relations had become and confidential as she was in all things but this, day followed day, and the end of the voyage drew near, and still Ralph had not learned the purpose of her journey. And before he did learn it the knowledge came to him that he had now more than a mere curiosity in Nelly Egerton's affairs, and more than a compassion for her loneliness, and that it was now with the interest and anxiety of love for this pretty, warm-hearted, puzzling little foreigner that he awaited her final disclosure.

It was a mild, moonlight evening, the vessel was within eight hours of Sandy Hook, with the pilot on board and the sea more than usually smooth. Ralph and Nelly were standing behind the wheel house watching the phosphorus which lit up the wake of the vessel.

They had been silent for a few moments when she began to speak in the low, quiet voice that had come to be the sweetest of music to him.

'Mr. Hawthorne,' she said, softly, 'I think I ought to tell why I am coming over to New York. It's only because one feels some hesitation in talking about some things that I haven't told you before.'

'I told you,' she went on, 'that I had friends in America. I might properly have said one friend.'

Then there was another pause, and though her face was turned a little one side, Ralph, somewhat perplexed as to what it means, could see the rising blush in the moonlight.

Her voice was still a little lower as she said, 'I am going to New York to be married, Mr. Hawthorne.'

Perhaps a cloud passed over the moon just then, or it may be that the ship suddenly lurched; at all events, Hawthorne felt a sense of momentary darkness, and grasped the rail to maintain his centre of gravity. It was only for an instant, though; and Nelly, looking out towards the distant horizon, did not detect any emotion in his face, or even his voice, when he quickly asked:

'The gentleman is American?'

Nelly nodded somewhat abstractedly. 'I met him in Paris about a year and a half ago,' she said, in her soft undertone. 'He is an artist, and used to come to Madame for French lessons. We were to have been married in Paris, Mr. Hawthorne, this week; but when it came to making out the necessary legal papers I couldn't tell the name of the place in India where I was born, and they wouldn't let the marriage go on. John'—and here there was just the slightest change in her inflection—'told the name of the place as I remembered it, but it turned out to be a province, and not a town, and they thought John wanted to evade the law and were very angry. Then John thought it best to go over to America at once, especially as he was near through the ecole, and we would have gone anyhow afterward; and so he took the steamer last week, arranging that I should follow him in this one. I felt as though I ought to tell you all this,' she continued, natively; 'you have been so very kind that I didn't want to hold back anything.'

'I am very grateful for your confidence, Miss Egerton,' he said, as quietly as before.

'Perhaps you know him, Mr. Hawthorne,' she went on, in the same tone, altogether unsuspicious of his state of mind, and hesitating just a breath of time before withdrawing the last remnant of her reserve, 'his name is Brevoort—John Brevoort.'

'Brevoort?' he repeated questioningly. 'Oh, of course—Theodore, you mean?'

Her blue eyes opened wonderingly.

'No, Mr. Hawthorne, his middle name is Temple, not Theodore. Theodore is the younger brother, you know.'

But Hawthorne's lips were angrily compressed. And while he mechanically said: 'Oh, yes; you are quite right—it is John Temple Brevoort,' his thoughts were running on tumultuously in another vein. 'John Brevoort,' he hastily soliloquized; 'why he's engaged to Agatha Fresser, and old Mrs. Duychinck has died and left the girl a fortune, and Brevoort is the last man in the world to give up money. And this little girl has got to go on and find it out for herself, and break her heart, perhaps, over the contemptible scalawag.' And forgetting his own trouble, and never thinking what advantage he might derive from this new situation, all the love and sympathy of his nature went out to Nelly in a fruitless longing to do something that might avert the blow. And yet he could no more than say, 'I hope you will be very happy, Miss Egerton,' knowing, as he spoke, it was the nearest kind of mockery.

They did not discuss it any more then, she from shyness and he from aversion and soreness of heart, nor did any additional facts about Brevoort transpire, except that Nelly expected to meet him on the wharf, or, failing which, to go at once to Mrs. McIntyre's boarding house, in Thirty-eighth street—an address which Brevoort had given her to be used in such an emergency.

It was a beating little heart that rested against the taffrail the next day as the ship was swinging around into the dock, and a pair of eager eyes that scanned the crowd upon the wharf to see if John Brevoort was not among the rest. To be sure, Mr. Hawthorne had suggested that the vessel was in before she was due, and Mr. Brevoort, not expecting her arrival, might fail to receive promptly the news telegram announced the fact. But Nelly wasn't used to business complications, and while grateful for the considerateness which sought to spare her any disappointment, yet felt entirely convinced that John would be there.

And as yet she couldn't see him. It was entirely evident, indeed, that Mr. John Brevoort was not on hand, and Mr. Ralph Hawthorne scored a mental self-congratulation that he himself was. And yet he would not suggest anything, preferring that she should regulate her own movements. After a few moments though, her eyes were turned up to his with a look of helpless appeal as she said, 'I think I had better go to that boarding place, Mr. Hawthorne.' So Mr. Hawthorne called a cab and the two spent an hour in the vain search for a boarding house that had no existence.

'Now, Miss Egerton,' said her protector at last, 'There's a nice old house down in Morton street, where a friend of mine, a good motherly soul, boards a few people. If you haven't any objections we'll go there, and I'll tell her she must take you in. Then you can give me a note, and I'll send it at once to Brevoort, and before night all your anxieties will be over.'

'That's an outrageous falsehood,' thought Hawthorne, 'but I can't leave the dear little girl without a ray of hope.'

About 9 o'clock that evening there came a ring at the door of the little house in Morton street, and a voice was heard inquiring for Miss Egerton. It proved to be Brevoort, the father, not the son, and he explained without extenuation or apology all of John Temple Brevoort's rascality, not even taking care to call it by a milder name. The old gentleman made the mistake of offering Nelly money, for which he was promptly and firmly asked out of the house.

Well, she didn't die but she went up to her room dazed with the reality of what had been before only a dismal apprehension.

It was the next evening before Mr. Hawthorne appeared, and Nelly was almost unwilling to admit to herself how much she anticipated his coming, and quite afraid to go down in the parlor to meet him. But when she came in the room so daintily arrayed in one of her Paris dresses, and with two or three of his fragrant buds interwoven with the pretty Paris necktie at her throat—with just a shade of embarrassment in the blushing face, and a little tremor in the low voice that bade him 'good evening' he only clasped her hand and said softly, 'Yes, Miss Egerton, I know.'

And she stored this away with the other instances of his considerate regard. And Ralph never told her how he knew, or of the interview which had passed between Mr. John Brevoort upon the delivery of the letter, whereat Mr. John Brevoort had besought Ralph to convey the tale of his desertion, and Ralph had told Brevoort that if it were not for getting the thing into the newspapers he would give him a sound thrashing.

It was perhaps a week after this, when she had already consulted Ralph about her return to France, and he had advised waiting still longer, that he came one evening with a novel and unlooked proposition. It was that she should accept a position as teacher of French. And Nelly, like the brave little soul that she was, after not more than a day's thought, wondering, too, all the time why Mr. Hawthorne was so kind and solicitous in the matter, resolved to stay and fight it out in New York rather than go back forsaken to Madame De la Vigne.

At last when spring had come and the roses were blooming, one day Nelly and Ralph rode over to Brooklyn, and through Prospect Park, and down to the sea shore, where the fresh ocean breeze brought back to each the memory of their earlier acquaintance. So they sat down on the beach and looked out toward the horizon, where a passing steamer left a long line of smoke in his wake.

'What would you think,' he asked, idly gathering up a handful of sand and letting it trickle through his fingers, 'of going back next month to Madame De la Vigne?'

Nelly looked at him with wondering eyes. 'To give up here?' she asked, in bewilderment.

Ralph nodded.

'And to leave Mrs. Pennington?'

Another affirmative nod.

'For good?'

'I trust not for bad.'

'But, Mr. Hawthorne, is there any reason why?'

'I think, perhaps, you had better, Miss Egerton.'

And then, with all her perplexity, there came a sudden sense of how much this going away would cost her, and a little spirit of rebellion against his proposition.

'But I can't think of it, Mr. Hawthorne,' she expostulated, without knowing just why. 'If there's any good reason—' And there she stopped, with an unspoken invitation in her puzzled face that he should give her more light.

'Well,' he said, looking up somewhat unwillingly, 'there is a reason.'

But Nelly did not ask for it, and her face grew hot, and the blue eyes drooped beneath his steady glance.

'I am going myself,' he continued, 'and I thought perhaps you would like company.'

And then the old pain, which Nelly thought she had laid away with her faded memories comes back. Ah, Nelly! How dismal now the thought of staying at home! And how wearily Nelly, impatient with herself, and trying all she can to keep from crying, turns away her head and looks out across the water, wondering in a vague uncertain way what it all means!

But it was short-lived trouble, and the tenderness of his next words took half of the pain away.

'Do you suppose,' he asked so quietly, that her timid eyes sought his with the confidence of a child, 'that I am going to leave you here all alone? You don't want to be left alone, do you Nelly?'

It was the first time that he had ever called her that; the first time, indeed, she had heard the name in months; and the novelty of it so startled her that she quite lost the sense of what else he had said. So among her blushes she gave him a quick, uncertain glance, that led him to repeat:

'You don't want me to leave you here alone, do you?'

And then it seemed to Nelly as though all of a sudden the sun had grown very hot, and all his rays were concentrated on her cheeks.

'It will be dreadful warm here in the summer,' he continued, 'and everybody will go away; and even if you go to the country you'll be shut up in some stuffy boarding house, and have an awful stupid time. Indeed, Nelly, even if you don't care a bit about me, you'll have to marry me in self-defense.'

'But, Mr. Hawthorne,'—hesitating and speaking very low.

'Well, Nelly?'

'Oh!' she exclaimed bravely, for all her blushes and her tears, 'you're so good, how could I help caring?'

'And then you will go?' he asked, laughing at her embarrassment, and kissing away the rain drops from the flushed cheeks.

'If you say so, Mr. Hawthorne'—shyly.

'Well, I do say so, and I won't trust you to go alone, either. I am going to make sure of you, Nelly, before I go, and there isn't any odious law I know of it there to prevent it. Though I oughtn't to revile the French law,' he added, reflectively, touching her cheek lightly with his lips, as if in acknowledgement of all that the law had done for him, 'since it has provided me with a wife. And what a lucky thing for me, Nelly, that you never knew where you were born?'

And Nelly, whose beating heart has no longer any room for soreness or wounded self-respect, responds with the gladness of her eyes and the happy smile on her half-averted face to Ralph's emphatic sentiment.

Mrs. Partington says

Don't take any of the quack nostrums, as they are reglimental to the human cistern; but put your trust in Hop Bitters, which will cure general dilapidation, costive habits and all comic diseases. They saved Isaac from a severe extract of tripod fever. They are the *scplus ussus* of medicines.

MINING IN COLORADO.

It took the 'honest miner' a long time to learn that 'placer' operations—the washing of metal from the sands—were not a certainty and a permanency, and the capitalists who came in after him also a long time to make expensive experiments, and equally expensive mistakes, and to come down to what is technically called 'hard-pan,' and operate to some extent with proper meant, skill, and commonsense. There was one collapse about 1864, and of course the panic of 1873 affected the progress of the state, and it may fairly be said that the real 'flush times' in Colorado are those in which we are now living. In spite of all disappointments and drawbacks, steady progress has undoubtedly been made, and great results accomplished. Mining is beyond all question, the foundation of the growing greatness of the state, and it is most interesting to learn from an elaborate calculation, coming recently from a responsible source, that after making full allowance for the labor of all the men employed from the beginning, and all the money sunk, the residue shows a better return than any other investment in this country. It must not be forgotten that this is an average, and that the fortunes of two or three bonanza kings balance the losses of thousands of poor men; and against the results of this calculation should be set the assertion—for which ample support can be obtained—that at least up to 1871, when railroads cheapened living and introduced greatly improved facilities, the proportion of miners who could be successful was one in five hundred.

It is to be noticed that here, as in other similar regions, public interest is continually attracted to new discoveries and a floating population at once drawn thither; and events move so rapidly that an account of the state of affairs in the mining region may be stale before it is in type. On the other hand, it may be said that even if some of the people go away, the mines remain, and the silver and gold come out just as surely and easily as before; and a larger area than ever is now the scene of active operations.

Starting from the north, we come to the mines of Boulder county, not far from Long's Peak, where there was an ephemeral excitement, some three years ago, about tellurium veins. Then came those of Gilpin (Black Hawk, Central City, etc.) and Clear creek (Georgetown, etc.) counties, the former noted for gold product, and both containing what are called 'true fissure veins,' where the rocks have been broken or torn asunder by earthquakes or volcanic disturbance. In this neighborhood some of the earliest discoveries were made, and the bullion product of the two counties is large and steady. Then come various points in the South Park and just between the Park and Main Ranges, California Gulch, now known from one end of the world to the other, for here is Leadville. South again, and between the Sierra Mojada and the Songre de Cristo lie Rosita and Silver Cliff, and southwest again of this, the great San Juan district. Discoveries have also been made in the Gunnison and Elk mountain country, away west of the Snowy Range, and only time can show what other now hidden treasures are to come to light in these regions. It is needless to say that several quarter volumes could easily be written about these mines and their operation, and still much be left unsaid; and perhaps indeed, in view of the rapid movement of events, the writer of such a work stands in greater danger of being behind the age than he who attempts some random sketches of the haunts and ways of the 'honest miner'—so first called, it is said, by aspiring patriots who sought his suffrages. Mr. Harte declares that when sets of pictures portraying the contrasted careers of the honest and dissolute miner were first sent out to California they utterly failed of their effect, for the reason that the average miner refused to recognize himself in either capacity.

A man may come to Colorado with resolutions worthy of Leonidas; he may treat gold and silver with a lofty disdain; he may be doctor, lawyer, parson, school teacher, book agent, lightning rod man, or dealer in sewing machines—anything but a miner; all in vain, for sooner or later, if he stays in Colorado, the mania for the precious metals will make an easy victim of him; he will seek a 'claim,' and fondly see a bonanza in the smallest and shallowest of his 'prospect holes'—*Harper's Magazine for February.*

"I Don't want a Plaster"

Said a sick man to a druggist "can't you give me something to cure?" His symtoms were a lame back and disordered urine, and were a sure indication of kidney disease. The druggist told him to use Kidney-Wort and in a short time it effected a complete cure. Have you these symptoms? Then get a box to-day—before you become incurable. It is the cure; safe and sure.

HE WOULDN'T BE BEAT.

Yesterday, when a man from the region of Bucksnort sat on the edge of the side-walk spitting blood, a policeman approached him and asked: 'Got a hemorrhage, have you?' 'No,' said the Bucksnort man, looking up until blood ran from the corners of his mouth. 'Somebody hit you in the mouth?' 'No.' 'Cow hook you?' 'No, sir; it is a business transaction.' 'But here, I am an officer of this city, and it is my business to investigate such a bloody transaction.' 'I don't belong to this town. My name's Alf Hobbs, and I live down nigh Bucksnort. I'll tell you all about this transaction. Some time ago I came up to this town with a lot of meal, and a cow and a calf, and a mule. Well, after looking around awhile, I sold the cow and calf and mule to a dentist. He told me to come back in a day or two and he'd pay me. I came back, and he still didn't pay me, but suggested to me that I could take it out in trade. I didn't want any trade, as there warn't a bad tooth in my head, but, thinks I to myself, I'll try you. So I

The Columbian.

O. E. ELWELL, Editor.
J. K. BITTENBENDER, Publisher.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Feb. 27, 1880.

NATIONAL CONVENTION.

The National Democratic Committee met in Willard's Hall, Washington, D. C., last Monday to select a place and appoint a time for holding the National Democratic Contion. The following cities were named: Chicago, Baltimore, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Philadelphia, Washington, D. C., and Eugene City, Oregon. Cincinnati was chosen as the place, and June 22nd, the time for holding the convention. The committee has issued the following:

The National Democratic committee met in the city of Washington on the 23d of February, 1880, and has appointed Tuesday the 22nd day of June next, as the time, and chosen the city of Cincinnati as the place of holding the National Democratic Convention. Each State is entitled to a representation therein equal to a double number of its Senators and Representatives in the Congress of the United States. All Democratic conservatives and other citizens of the United States, irrespective of past political associations or differences, who can unite with us in an effort for a pure, economical and constitutional government, are cordially invited to join us in sending delegates to the convention. At the last National Democratic convention in 1876, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the States be requested to instruct their delegates to the National Democratic convention to be held in 1880, whether it be desirable to continue the two-thirds rule longer in force in the National Convention, and that the National Committee insert such request in the call for the next convention.

WM. H. BARNUM, (Conn.), Chairman.
FREDERICK O. PRINCE, (Mass.), Sec'y.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D C. Feb. 24th 1880.

The committee on civil service reform of the House yesterday adopted and will soon report one of the most important bills of the session. The idea of the bill is to give any one having or thinking he has a claim against the government a chance to have its merits tested judicially. He may go with it to the court of claims, and he or the government may appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States. No amount claimed, however, shall be paid, unless, after the action of the court, Congress shall approve that action. This bill, if made a law, will protect the government, give satisfaction to the claimants, and settle one of the vexed questions of the day. As presented by Mr. O'Connor, of South Carolina, the bill may need amendment in some particular, but the principle is right and the bill will probably, in due time, be passed. It is of interest to hundreds of people from Maine to California. No claims barred by the statute of limitations can be presented under provisions of the bill.

The Democratic Committee did well yesterday in selecting Cincinnati as its place of meeting. It did not quite come up to the requirements of the occasion in the matter of time, as an earlier day in June would have been, I think, to the advantage of the party. But that is a minor error. To select a place was the important matter.

The city chosen is free from the objections to be urged against New York, Washington, St. Louis, or Chicago. As to candidates it has absolutely no significance. It was not chosen for the benefit of Tilden, Seymour, Thurman, Hendricks, Hancock, Palmer or any of the others whose claims are urged.

There will be reported to the House this week a bill appropriating $300,000 for the relief of people in Ireland who are suffering for the want of food. It is probable that the originators of the measure meant well in introducing it, and the committee in agreeing to it. I suppose the House will pass it, but the Senate will probably take the sensible view that the whole matter had better be left to that inexhaustable private charity which has already done so much in the way of subscriptions.

Census supervisor nominations will be disposed of in a few days, it is hoped, by the Senate and I wish to put on record a belief, that the whole affair has been discreditable to both the administration and to the Senate. The President made a mistake in not appointing them impartially and the Senate in making any fuss over decent nominations.

HILTON.

COUNTY BONDS.

The government is calling in its bonds bearing over 4 per cent. interest, and issuing new bonds at a lower rate. Many counties and cities are doing the same thing. Columbia county has a large amount of outstanding bonds which bear 6 per cent. interest. At the time when they were issued money was scarce and it was difficult to put them out at a lower rate. Now, that the hard times are nearly over funds are plenty, and there is no doubt that many people having capital to invest would be willing to take our bonds at a lower rate. Government 4 per cents. are at a premium, and many municipal bonds are in demand at the same rate Would it not be a wise thing for our county commissioners to call in the 6 per cents. and issue new bonds at a lower rate of interest.

Edward Herrick, chief clerk in the Auditor General's office, is named as a candidate for nomination for Auditor General before the Democratic State Convention. He is an able man, and has done good service for the party. Should his name be presented, it should receive due consideration. He would make a strong candidate.

A Terrible Crime.

Mrs. Clarke, a respectable married lady, living in the Garry neighborhood, at Jefferson, Texas, was brutally outraged and murdered on the 22d inst. Three men were arrested, and one of them, who confessed the crime, was horribly mutilated by a mob. His clothing was saturated with coal oil then set on fire. He was afterwards hanged. Intense excitement prevailed.

A Murderer Makes a Confession.

MAUCH CHUNK, February 23.—Joseph Goldberg, the jealous husband who shot and killed Edward Mulhearn at Weissport, recently, has made a statement in which he admits the shooting, but claims that it was done in a frenzy, after finding Mulhearn at his house. Goldberg will be tried at the April team of Court, and his friends are now raising money to pay his expenses. He will be the eleventh man tried for murder in this county in four years. Seven of these were convicted and hanged.

Black on the Third Term.

THE PROBABLE EFFECT OF A VIOLATION OF THE UNWRITTEN LAW OF THE REPUBLIC.

Where the great Chief Magistrate is vested, as ours is, with great power liable to gross abuse, if there is no law or practice which forbids him to be re-elected, he can remain in office for life as easily as for a term. He has the appointment of all officers, the making of all public contracts, and a veto upon all legislation, besides the command of the army and navy. By an unscrupulous use of these means he can coerce not only his horde of immediate dependents, but he can control the corporations and become the master of all the rings, put the business of all classes under his feet, corrupt the venal, frighten the timid, and check all ambitions but his own. He can force the elections of every State he desires to carry by the bayonets of his army. If that fails, he can order a false return and pay for it out of the public treasury. The people would soon perceive opposition to be useless and accept the situation; elections would be as mere a matter of form as they were in Rome when such Consuls as Nero and Domitian were elected every year under the supervision of the pretorian guards.

If these were no more than remote possibilities, prudence should guard us against them. But they are near probabilities; the signs of the times warn us that the peril to our institutions is imminent; the danger is already on the wing. It is vain to remind us that the President swears to preserve, protect and defend the Constitution and see the laws faithfully executed. That is true, and it is also true that, if there be no perjury in the case of the Constitution, laws and liberties of the country are safe. But the last twenty years have given us ample proof that an oath is not much restraint upon a President who is incited by ambition, rapacity or strong party feeling to break it.

It is true that this presupposes a people much degenerated and a magistrate animated mainly by the vulgar love of power for its sake; but exactly such a conjunction of things has always been feared with good reason, and hence comes the desire to put every check on that tendency to "strong government" which is now manifesting itself in many quarters.

What is the remedy? How shall we avert the dire calamities with which we are threatened? The answer comes from the graves of our fathers: By the frequent election of new men. Other help or hope for the salvation of free government there is none under heaven.

If history does not teach this, we have read it all wrong. In the republics of ancient and modern times the chief magistrate was entrusted with only temporary power, and always went out of office at the end of a short period, fixed and prescribed by law or custom. It was this, indeed, which made the substantial distinction between them and the monarchies around them. An unpunished transgression of the customary limitation was uniformly followed by destruction. Everywhere and always it was the fatal symptom of decay—the sure forerunner of ruin. When Cæsar refused to lay down his consulship as his predecessors had done, at the end of a year, and was re-elected time after time with the acquiescense of the Senate and the people, all that was real in Roman freedom ceased to exist. Two republics in France were brought to an end in the same way. Napoleon began by being Consul for a term, then was elected for life, and finally became Emperor, with the powers of an absolute despot. The last Bonaparte was President for four years,, was re-elected for ten, and ended, like his uncle, in grasping the imperial crown.

"May this be washed in the Lethe and forgotten?" Shall these lessons be lost? Shall the lamp which guided our forefathers be extinguished? Shall the broad daylight of all human experience be closed up in a little dark lantern manufactured at Milwaukee? I think this cannot be done; "the eternal verities" are against it. The most powerful third-termer may as well try to blow out the sun, as he would a tallow candle with the breath of his mouth.

A third term for Grant does not mean a third term only, but any number of terms that he chooses to demand. The imperial method of carrying all elections by corruption or force, or declaring them to be carried when they are not, is to be permanently substituted for the system of free, popular choice.

The figure of Grant standing with the seal of primacy on the mountain top and looking down on the inhabitants of the plain below, gives a measure of the elevation which his sycophants flatter him with the hope of attaining. They urge the necessity of a strong government almost in the very words used by the adherents of Cæsar and the two Napoleons. Strong government, in their sense, means weak laws and a strong ruler; in other words, a substantial monarchy, powerful in its scorn of all legal restraints.—*Judge Jere Black in North American Review.*

Saving a Woman from the Gallows.

There has been general interest throughout this state in the case of Mrs. Catharine Zell of Carlisle, sentenced to be hanged for the alleged fatal poisoning of Mrs. Mary Kiehl, 82 years old, who died last May in a little house in the outskirts of Carlisle. There was a dispute over a few hundred dollars left by her, a man named Wynkoop claiming that she had verbally willed it to to him. It being rumored that she had died from poison, the body was exhumed and a post mortem made. Suspicion pointed to Mrs. Reed, a near relative of the District Attorney of the county (Cumberland). Mrs. Zell and Wynkoop. The Coroner's inquest resulted in the arrest of the two latter. Mrs. Reed testified that three days before Mrs. Kiehl died she and Mrs. Zell breakfasted with her and drank some coffee made by Mrs. Zell, and that after drinking the coffee the witness and Mrs. Kiehl were attacked with severe vomiting.

The physician who had made the post-mortem, although admitting that death might have resvited from one of many natural causes, expressed the opinion as an expert that if the analysis of the stomach showed the existence of arsenic, there was good ground for believing death to have resulted from arsenical poisoning. The analysis had been made by a young druggist of little experience, who could not tell how much or how little arsenic there was, but the traces of the poison was undoubted.

Several highly respectable witnesses testified that Mrs. Reeder's reputation for veracity was so bad that they would not believe her under oath. The defence showed that the deceased woman had threatened to take her own life, and that Mrs. Zell could not have been in complicity with Wynkoop, because just after Mrs. Kiehl's death, she gave testimony in opposition to Wynkoop's claim. It was also shown that Mrs. Zell could have had no motive for the deed. Judge Herman, a young lawyer of ability, but inexperienced in criminal cases, charged the jury very briefly, leaving the case to them. The defence had been so sure of acquittal that they took few exceptions.

When the appeal to the Supreme Court was made, meetings of ladies and gentlemen were held in several cities for the purpose of giving active assistance to Mrs. Zell's counsel. The latter, in arguing before the higher tribunal, declared that Judge Herman had misled the jury by misquoting the testimony of several witnesses in such a manner as to vitiate the whole trial. It was also alleged that the foreman of the jury had used an unlawful influence to bring about conviction, going so far as to threaten to report to the court a doubting juror. Justice Trunkey rendered the opinion of the Supreme Tribunal, reversing the judgment of the lower court, and granting a new trial.

Democratic Statesmanship.

It is a fact which not even Republican journals will have the hardihood to dispute that the Democratic party since it has had control of Congress has relieved the country of a large portion of its burden in the shape of interest on the bonded debt. While the Republicans were in the majority in the two Houses of Congress, the rate of interest paid by the government was uniformly six per cent. No effort was made to refund the U. S. bonds at a lower rate until the Democrats obtained control of the House of Representatives. No preparation for a reduction of the rate of interest was made by the republicans. It remained for the Democrats to take the initiative in the matter, to propose, mature, and carry through Congress the measures which have resulted in saving to the government annually millions of dollars. To this work of reducing the rate of interest on the bonded indebtedness of the United States Democratic statesmanship addressed itself with a patriotic zeal which must command the applause of men of all parties. But there is yet more to be accomplished in this regard. The Representatives of the Democratic party in Congress believe that a portion of the bonded debt can be placed at a still lower rate of interest than the lowest now paid by the government. Hence it is proposed that the bonds next to be refunded shall bear 3½ per cent. interest. It is confidently believed that a bond bearing this low rate of interest can be sold at par. This Democratic effort to reduce the rate of interest on government bonds is simply a fulfillment of the pledge made to the people in the Democratic platform of 1876 Another feature of the financial policy of the Democratic party is economy in appropriations of the public moneys. This was also promised by the Democracy in their last National platform. At least a hundred millions of dollars have been saved by the three Democratic Congresses since 1875, as is shown by a comparison of the ordinary expenses of the Government during the last four years with the same during the four years next preceding the recovery of the House of Representatives by the Democrats. The great service rendered the country by the Democratic party since its restoration to power in Congress is thus made manifest. The grievous load of taxation which so long oppressed the life of the people has been gradually but surely alleviated. Labor takes heart again and capital seeks new employments. Prosperity smiles where but lately the voice of want uttered the cry of despair. This glad change has come with the advent of Democratic power in the two Houses of Congress. It did *not* come while the shadow of radicalism yet overnung the halls of the Federal Legislature.—*Patriot.*

News from all Around.

—The New York Herald relief fund has reached $200,692.56.

—Senator Lamar is again in Washington but is obliged to use crutches.

—Chester county sends $1,400 to the *Herald* famine fund.

—Blower Brown won the six days walking match at London, walking 553 miles.

—The population of Schuylkill county will reach 125,000.

—Match mules bring from $350 to $275 in Berks county.

—The Governor of New York signed the bill admitting women to vote for school officers.

—Grant's unpaid hotel bills are now troubling some of the cities where he had the big ovations.

—The West Chester and Philadelphia Railroad company is putting down steel rails.

—Erie and Williamsport telephone each other over telegraph wire two hundred and fifty miles long.

—The bills introduced into Congress for appropriations for new public buildings now amount to $12,770,500, with six States to hear from.

—The experiment of heating railroad cars with steam is a success. A third train arranged for this purpose, has been turned out of the shops at Altoona.

—Morrison, Bare & Cass will shortly erect, at Tyrone, a paper mill at a cost of $180,000, upon five acres of ground given by the people of that place.

—The Millers' Hospital Commission have received deeds for the ground donated them near Ashland, and upon which the hospital will be erected.

—A furnace at Port Carbon upon which experiments have been tried is chilling rapidly, and the work of a year will be lost.

—It is said that a contract has been signed between Messers. Vanderbilt and Jewett, by which the Erie Railway is to receive 50 per cent of the New England traffic.

—The Democratic State Committee of Indiana believe that the State will go democratic this year from 10,000 to 20,000 majority.

The newspaper proprietors are petitioning Congress to reduce materially or remove the duty on printing paper and chemicals used in paper manufacture.

—Blaine has evidently made up his mind that if he cannot carry the Chicago convention he will kick up the biggest kind of a row in trying to do it.

—"Stony Batter," the little log house near Mercersburg, Franklin county, where President Buchanan was born, is still standing.

—Bessie Turner, remembered in connection with the Beecher-Tilton case, is said to have married Charles Walgram, stage carpenter of Berry's Broadway Theatre, Brooklyn.

—Mr. Peter Sprague, of Boston is said to be the oldest member of Congress now living. He was a Representative from Maine from 1824 too 1429, when he was chosen Senator and acted in that capacity until 1835.

—Scranton leads Reading by a few hundred inhabitants in its census enumeration for 1870 but it is thought that the coming census will make Reading more than even.

—A call for a National Convention of Starch Manufacturers has been issued, to meet at Cincinnati on March 3. It will be attended by all the principal starch manufacturers in the United States representing a capital of $160,000,000.

—Melchoir Lerch, residing on the farm of his father in-law, Valentine Uhler, a retired farmer in Forks township, Northampton co., committed suicide on the 21st by hanging. He was about fifty and well to do. He leaves a wife and three children.

—The returns by counties from Ireland show 312,870 persons are slowly starving, and the outlook for the coming months is gloomier than predictions have yet painted. Local efforts are becoming feeble, and the people look to the world for succor.

—It has been discovered that to work the Port Carbon, Schuylkill county, furnaces night and day will ruin them, and it has been decided to work them on day turn only. This will lessen the capacity of the furnaces by one-half, and will throw a number of men out of work.

—Miss Fannie Rank was married recently to Mr. William McGinness, of Rockford Illinois. The Boston *Post* gets this information from the lady's brother and the importance of the news is altogether in the fact that Miss Rauck is the young lady who was a few days ago reported as about to marry Samuel J. Tilden.

—Robert Carson a lumberman on Little Pine Creek, Lycoming county, caught a catamount in a steel trap, the other day. Carson tried to dispatch the animal with a stone, but the creature drove him back. As the cat was encumbered with the trap, the lumberman at last stunned him and then easily pounded him to death.

—Three new steel boilers for the Edgar Thomson furnaces, at Bessemer Station, on on the Baltimore and Ohio road, are being built at the Pittsburg Locomotive Works. They are the largest ever manufactured, being sixty five feet in length, and the heaters being forty-five feet in length.

—Peter N. Fredricks, farmer, near Lansdale, Montgomery county, had to kill one of his cows, she having been declared incurable from cattle disease. Jacob D. Mishler farmer, in Worcester township also killed one of his for the same reason on the same day. Three more of his cows are infected. John O. Knapp, near Skippackville, killed one on the 7th the infection seems to be spreading.

—John Murphy, while walking near Thomaston, Schuylkill county, on Thursday night, was struck with a stone and killed. James Brennan and James Delong were arrested, and the latter released for want of evidence, while Brennan partially admits the deed, and says it was done in a fight. The deceased leaves a wife and nine children.

—The board of poor directors of Berks county as a meeting passed a resolution forbidding the use of smoking tobacco in any form by the inmates of the poor house. This action was taken because several fires took place in the hospital in the last two years, the origin of which was traced to sparks falling from pipes. The action of the Berks poor directors is worthy of imitation throughout the state.

—At Bainbridge Pa., Charles Lain, twenty four years old, murdered his wife and two children—one a girl of six years and the other an infant three months old—and then took his own life by poison. When discovered, the victims were lying on their beds, and the third child, a boy of three years, was found with his feet badly frozen, so that his recovery is doubtful. The family was in destitute circumstances at the time of the tragedy.

—At the session of the State Temperance convention on the 12th inst., Gov. Davis delivered an address. The resolutions declared that no political party should receive support which does not recognize the iniquity of the liquor traffic and demand its destruction. They also urge that parties and officers be held responsible for the enforcement of the anti-liquor laws, and call upon the Legislature to provide such enactments as shall absolutely prohibit the "sale of cider for tippling purposes." The resolutions also recommend the introduction of temperance text books in common schools. The session has been one of the most enthusiastic ever held by the Maine Temperance convention.

It should be the aim of every owner of Horses, Cows, &c., to make them as handsome and useful as possible. The German Horse and Cow Powder helps to develop all the powers of the animal. It improves its beauty and increases its usefulness. It makes milk, mucle and fat. By using it a horse will do more work and a cow give more milk and be in better condition with less feed. Sold only by weight at 15 cents a pound by C. A. Klein, Bloomsburg.
Dec 12, '79-1y

The Coming Comet.

The Astronomer Royal of England informs the Washington astronomers that a comet has been seen from the observatory at Capetown, South Africa. The question naturally arises whether this is the great comet whose appearance was announced by Dr. Gould of the Cordoba observatory in South America about a week ago. The fact that Cordoba and Capetown are both in the Southern hemisphere and in nearly the same latitude, is an argument in favor of that supposition; but, on the other hand, there seems to be an irreconcilable variance in the accounts of the comet's motions. Dr. Gould described his comet as moving northward, while Gill, the South African observer, reports that the comet he sees is moving southward. Neither of these comets, if there be two, has yet been seen from any of our observatories. We are yet ignorant whether the coming comet is merely telescopic, like that of last year, or one of those stupendous naked-eye fellows that in the ages of superstition was dreaded as portending great wars. This belief in the bellicose significance of comets is not yet extinguished. Probably the majority of uneducated persons regarded the comet of 1811 as a forerunner of the war of 1812 in this country, and of the three tremendous closing struggles by which Europe finally shook off the grip of Napoleon. The great comet of 1843 was near enough to the Mexican war to be regarded by the superstitious as a celestial prognostication; and who does not remember how direful appeared the unparalleled comet of 1858, in the days when the possibility of civil war was on every tongue? The comet of 1861, nearly as huge as its predecessor, seemed, to the superstitious, a second sign of the great tratricidal struggle. So the comet of 1875 did not fail to find believers who connected with it the rumblings of coming war in the East, and when, two or three years later, Russia's army marched upon Constantinople, such believers were assured that the prophecy of the comet had come true. This superstition will probably always linger in the human mind, and should the comet that is now visible in the southern heavens sweep into its perihelion passage around the sun with a train of light stretching half way across the sky, there will not be persons wanting to point at the now augmenting armaments of the great powers of Europe, and to predict a speedy clash of arms. In this they will have the support of the astrologers. In an astrological almanac published in London, and of great authority among its patrons, there is a pictorial prophecy for the year 1880, in which a helmeted woman armed with a sword, dominates over a field filled with tramping armies. The publisher prudently postpones the letterpress explanation of this formidable picture to next year's almanac.

In the mean time those of us who are not superstitious may expect the comet with equanimity, and fearlessly hope that it belongs to the largest and most brilliant species.—*Sun.*

We have a speedy and positive cure, for catarrh diptheria, canker mouth, and head ache, in Shiloh's catarrh remedy. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health, and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

A Strange Peop e.

Do you know that there are strange people in our community, we say strange because they seem to prefer to suffer and pass their days miserably, made so by dis-spela, and Liver Complaint, indigestion, constipation, and general debility, when Shiloh's vitalizer is guaranteed to cure them. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

Five Hundred Thousand Strong.

In the past few months there has been more than 500,000 bottles of Shiloh's cure sold. Out of the vast number of people who have used it, more than 3,000 cases of consumption have been cured. All coughs, croup, asthma, and bronchitis, yield at once hence it is that every body speaks in its praise. To those who have not used it, let us say, if you have a cough or your child the croup and you value life don't fail to try it. For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's porous plaster. Sold by J. H. Kinports.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.25
Rye "	.50
Corn, " "	.50
Oats, " "	.40
Flour per barrel	5.00
Cloverseed	5.00
Butter	.25
Eggs	.16
Tallow	.07
Potatoes	.40
Dried Apples	.06
Hams	12½
Sides & Shoulders	.09
Chickens	.07
Turkeys	.08
Lard per pound	.07
Hay per ton	16.00
Beeswax	.25

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 2.75 "
No. 6 " "	$ 1.75 "
Blacksmith's Lump on Wharf	$ 3.50 "
" Bituminous "	$ 4.50 "

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

Wholesale prices at the close of trade on Tuesday.

Buckwheat flour per cwt	$1 60 to	$2 00
Wheat flour " "	6 50 "	7 00
Wheat per bushel	1 40 "	1 50
Corn " "	52 "	53
Oats " "	47 "	50
Rye " "	85 "	90
Barley " "	75 "	90
Dressed hogs, per pound	5½ "	6¾
Butter " "	according to quality	
Eggs per dozen	22 "	25
Country, live chickens	15 "	9
Chickens dressed	11 "	12
Turkeys	9 "	10
Turkey dressed	10 "	11

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

COLUMBIA COUNTY S S:

ESTATE OF JOSHUA SAVAGE, DECEASED.

In the matter of exceptions to the account of the executors of Joshua Savage, deceased.

Among the Records and proceedings of the Orphans' Court of said county inter alia it is thus contained, to wit:

And now February 4, 1880, on motion of W. J. Buckalew, Attorney for exceptants L. S. Winterstees appointed auditor on exceptions.

BY THE COURT.

Certified from the records this 20th day of Feb., A. D., 1880.

WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk.

The auditor in pursuance of the foregoing appointment will attend to the duties thereof at the office of Col. S. Knorr in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, the 27th day of March, A. D. 1880, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties interested will appear or be debarred from coming in on said estate.

L. S. WINTERSTEEN, Auditor.

feb. 27—1a.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE,

ESTATE OF SALLY ANN YOHE, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Sally Ann Yohe, late of Mifflin township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to J. S. Yohe, Mifflinville, Executor. All persons having claims against the estate of the deceased are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

J. S. YOHE, Executor, Mifflinville.

feb 27, 6w.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE ESTATE OF ABRAHAM YODER, DECEASED.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county to make distribution of the balance in the Administrator's hands will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Friday, 1st 9th day of April, 1880, at ten o'clock in the forenoon for the purposes of his appointment, at which time and place all parties interested must appear and present their claims or be debarred from a share of said fund.

PAUL E. WIRT, Auditor.

feb. 20-4w

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF IRA PEALER, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned appointed by the orpans' Court of Columbia county to distribute the fund in the hands of Hiram Pealer adm. of Daniel Pealer as adm. de bonis non of Ira Pealer, and of money in his own hands as adm. de bonis non of said Ira Pealer, deceased, to and among the parties entitled thereto; will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, March 27th, 1880 at 9 o'clock in the forenoon; when and where all persons having claims upon the said fund are required to present them, or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

JOHN G. FREEZE, Auditor.

feb 20,'80-4t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF VASHTI PANCOAST DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Vashti Pancoast late of the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Penna, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to M. C. Sloan. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Executor without delay.

M. C. SLOAN, Executor.

feb 20,'80-6t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ANDREW LOHMAN, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed an Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to distribute the money remaining in the hands of Lewis Yetter, late deceased, Administrator of Andrew Lohrman, and heretofore distributed to the heirs of George Lohrman and the heirs of Stephen Lohrman, by the Auditor's report to May Term, 1869, to and among such persons as may be lawfully entitled thereto, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Thursday, March 25th, 1880, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon to perform the duties of his appointment. When and where all persons having claims on said fund are required to present them, or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

feb 20,'8-4t. JOHN G. FREEZE, Auditor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SAMUEL LAZARUS, DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Samuel Lazarus, late of Montour twp., Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to the Register of said county to the undersigned Executors. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Executors without delay.

DANIEL LAZARUS, HENRY LAZARUS, Executors.

feb 13-6w.

AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL OUR NEW No. 8 SEWING-MACHINE in this town and vicinity. An active man can secure liberal terms. Apply, stating experience as a salesman, and giving list of references, to

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.
1338 Chestnut Street Philadelphia.
feb 13, 2w 5&3

LIFE INSURANCE AGENTS WANTED!

A first class Life Insurance Company in New York wants SPECIAL (GENERAL and LOCAL AGENTS, in unoccupied territory in the state of Pennsylvania. Address MANAGER OF AGENCIES, Box 199, New York Post Office.
feb 27,—1m.

Dauchy & Co's. Advt's.

PIANOS Stool, Cover and Book only $143 to $255 Newspaper Free. Address DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J. d feb 12 4w

$10,000 INSURANCE FOR 35 Cts. ON LIFE & PROPERTY. $10,000 will be paid to any person who may DIE FROM A LIMB fitted with our SAFETY ATTACHMENT. Agents Wanted, Male or Female. R. S. NEWTON'S SAFETY LAMP CO., Binghamton, N. Y. Salesroom, 12 West Broadway, N. Y. d feb 13, 4w.

AGENTS READ THIS!

We want an Agent in this County to whom we will pay a salary of $100 per month and expenses to sell our wonderful invention. SAMPLE FREE Address at once SHERMAN & CO., MARSHALL, MICHIGAN. feb 27-4w d

ON 30 DAYS TRIAL

We will send our Electro-Voltaic Belts and other Electric Appliances upon trial for 30 days to those suffering from Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Paralysis or any diseases of the Liver or Kidneys, and many other diseases. A sure cure guaranteed or no pay. Address VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich. feb 27-4w d

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE

ESTATE OF E. J. THORNTON, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of E. J. Thornton, late of Town of Bloomsburg Columbia co., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to undersigned Administrators. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make prompt payment.

C. R. & W. J. BUCKALEW, Attorneys for estate. jan. 16, 80-6w. L. R. RUPERT, ELI BARTON, Administrators.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH MURRAY, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed an Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of Thomas Butler, administrator de bonis non, cum testamento annexo of Elizabeth Murray, late of Derry township, now in Montour county, deceased; will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, in Columbia county, Penn'a, on Wednesday the 24th day of March, A. D. 1880, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to perform the duties of his appointment; at which time and place all persons having claims upon said fund are required to present them, or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

feb 20,'80-4t JOHN G. FREEZE, Auditor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF VASHTI PANCOAST DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Vashti Pancoast late of the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Penna, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to M. C. Sloan. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Executor without delay.

M. C. SLOAN, Executor.

feb 20,'80-6t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ANDREW LOHMAN, DECEASED.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed an Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, to distribute the money remaining in the hands of Lewis Yetter, late deceased, Administrator of Andrew Lohrman, and heretofore distributed to the heirs of George Lohrman and the heirs of Stephen Lohrman, by the Auditor's report to May Term, 1869, to and among such persons as may be lawfully entitled thereto, will attend at his office in Bloomsburg, on Thursday, March 25th, 1880, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon to perform the duties of his appointment. When and where all persons having claims on said fund are required to present them, or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

feb 20,'8-4t. JOHN G. FREEZE, Auditor

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF SAMUEL LAZARUS, DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Samuel Lazarus, late of Montour twp., Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to the Register of said county to the undersigned Executors. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Executors without delay.

DANIEL LAZARUS, HENRY LAZARUS, Executors.

feb 13-6w.

AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL OUR NEW No. 8 SEWING-MACHINE in this town and vicinity. An active man can secure liberal terms. Apply, stating experience as a salesman, and giving list of references, to

WHEELER & WILSON MFG. CO.
1338 Chestnut Street Philadelphia.
feb 13, 2w 5&3

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF ELIJAH FULMER, DECEASED.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Elijah Fulmer, late of Pine township, Columbia county, Pa., deceased have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Executors. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Executors without delay.

JOHN F. DERR, Derr's P O Co'lco.
HENRY J. ROBBINS, Millville, Col Co.
Jan 23, '80-6w Executors.

NOTICE OF INQUEST.

ESTATE OF E. J. THORNTON, DECEASED.

To the heirs and legal representatives of E. J. Thornton late of the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, to-wit: Matilda Lazarus, Audenried, Carbon county Pa., Miles G. Smith, Hoboken, New Jersey; James Smith, Wellsville Ohio; Emaline Lutz, Bangor, Pa., Lillie Horr, Ravenna, Ohio; Cora Scyfs, Ravenna, Ohio; Barton Green and Wm. Green, Plymouth, Rockland county, Ohio; Emily Zulick, Urbanna, Ohio; Elvia Lance, Shelby, Ohio; W. M. Thornton, Saint Louis, Mo.; Hiram W. Thornton, Danville, Pa.; Roxanna Edgar, San Francisco, California; Samantha Kiefer, Toulon, Illinois; Wm. W. Pennan, Magwan, Knox county, Illinois; Wm. Thornton, Mauch Chunk; Valentine Thornton, Toulon, Illinois; James Thornton, Williamsport, Pa.; Elizabeth Charles, Lockport, New York; Charles Armstrong, Lockport, Niagara county, New York; Hiram W. Thornton, Millersburg, Mercer county Illinois; Sarah Bird, Mount Pleasant, Iowa; Lavina Hagenbuch, Mount Pleasant, Iowa; Jackson Thornton, Millersburg, Mercer county, Illinois; Rachel Willits Mount Pleasant, Iowa; Mary Kline, Michigan; Emily Day, Aledo, Mercer county, Illinois; George Boone, Aledo, Mercer county, Illinois; Mary Smith, Aledo, Mercer county Illinois; Amanda Greenley, Wachata Kansas; M. Janette Ryon, Fremont, Dodge county, Nebraska; Washington Boone, Aledo, Mercer county, Illinois.

WHEREAS at an Orphans' Court held at Bloomsburg, in and for the county of Columbia, the second day of February A. D. 1880, before the Judges of the said court, the petition of M. C. Sloan and others was presented, setting forth that the said E. J. Thornton died on the 4th day of January last, intestate, seized in his demesne as of fee of certain tracts of land.

Whereupon the Court awarded an inquest to make partition of the said real estate to and among the parties entitled thereto.

In accordance with the above named writ I will hold an inquest on the premises above described on

Saturday, February 28th, 1880.

at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, when and where you may attend if you think proper.

U. H. ENT, Sheriff.

feb. 6-3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, Pa., at 10 o'clock, a. m., on

Saturday, February 28th, 1880.

All that certain real estate situate in Greenwood township, Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a stone in line of land of Barnabas Watts, north fifty-three and one-half degrees, east one hundred seven perches and nine tenths to a stone, thence south four degrees west fifty-seven perches and five-tenths to a stone, thence south seventy-seven and one-fourth degrees west eighty-three perches and two and one-tenth in line of land of David Albertson, thence by the same north thirteen and three fourths degrees west fifteen perches to a stone, the place of beginning, containing nineteen acres and four perches.

ALSO,

One other piece or tract of land situate in Greenwood township, Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: on the north by Theo. Lamon, on the east by David Dribblepiece, on the south by J. G. Girton, on the west by lands of David Albertson and Hugh S. Fairman, containing eighty-one acres and one hundred and five perches, on which is erected a frame Dwelling House, Barn and out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution at the suit of Jesse Brumstetter against A. J. Albertson and to be sold as the property of A. J. Albertson.

BUCKALEW, Attorney.

Terms cash on day of sale.

U. H. ENT, Sheriff.

feb. 6, 1880-ts

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCES OF THE COUNTY OF COLUMBIA

from January 6th, 1879 to January 1st, 1880.

Statement showing taxes assessed and balance still due.

DISTRICTS.	ASSESSED. County Tax.	ASSESSED. Dog Tax.	ASSESSED. State Tax.	STILL DUE. County.	STILL DUE. Dog.
Beaver	754 41	88 00	4 40	111 60	88 00
Benton	1045 04	86 00	7 10	198 14	86 00

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1880

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,.....		7 5 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.49 P. M
Fast Train	12.00 M.	11.45 A.M
Express Train	6.56 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.38 A. M.	7,36 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11,45 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

STAGE LINES.

CAMBRA AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave Cambra Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6:30 a. m., arrive at Bloomsburg by 11:30 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BLOOMSBURG AND LAIRDSVILLE.—Leave Lairdsville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 12 m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail Daily mail from Bloomsburg to Millville.

Benton and Bloomsburg.—A daily stage line leaving Benton in the morning and returning in the evening of the same day.

MAIL ROUTES.

WHITE HALL AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave White Hall Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 10 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BENTON AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leaves Benton Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg at 2 p. m. Leaves Bloomsburg Tuesday, Thursday and saturday at 8 a. m., arriving at Benton at 2 p. m.

PUBLIC SALES.

A. J. Hess, administrator of Hiram Lunger, deceased, will sell real estate on the premises, in Sugarloaf township, on Saturday, February 28th, 1880.

Justice Maize intends having his office with N. U. Funk.

There will be an adjourned court March 12th.

The Curley hearing was continued until March 12th, a witness being sick.

R. M. Tubbs of the Mountain *Echo* called on us on Monday. Always a welcome visitor.

Washington's Birthday was observed in many places on Monday.

The newly elected town officers take their oaths of office on the first Monday of April.

Tenement houses are in great demand in this place notwithstanding the advance in rents.

We have yet to learn of the first leap year party in town. Girls how is this?

Robert Hartman is home on a visit. He is attending Commercial College at Kingston.

The lock-up had an occupant on Saturday last in the shape of a drunken tramp.

We are glad to learn that B. F. Fruit, who has been ill for some weeks, is convalescent.

Tuesday, St. Mathias' day, portended a spell of cold weather. So don't hang up your overcoats yet.

The Friendship boys returned well pleased with their visit to the Washington Hose of Danville.

Venner, the Canadian, says we will have cold weather and some heavy snow-falls in March.

Robert M. McBride of Nanticoke spent a few days in town this week. He reports business brisk up there.

H. L. Dieffenbach, at one time editor of this paper, was elected alderman in the second ward, at Lock Haven, on Tuesday of last week.

Another count for the census enumerator. A twelve pound and a half one, and George Kressler is the happy father.

Calvin Garrison, who used to clerk for D. A. Creasy, spent last Sunday in town with his many friends.

The man with the bears made his appearance on our streets the other day and furnished lots of amusement for the small boys.

Rev. Mr. Dechant, of Catawissa, will preach in the Reformed church next Sunday morning and at Heller's church in the afternoon.

The number of young ladies from a distance attending the State Normal School has doubled within a year, and will be still larger next term.

For the use of students and others our covered newspaper pads are the best. They contain one hundred sheets of paper, making two hundred pages. Prices, ten and twenty cents, according to size. For sale at this office. tf.

The Danville court adjourned on Tuesday at noon, all the business having been disposed of. When the traverse jurors were discharged, the grand jury had not yet finished its arduous labors.

The citizens of Milton at their late election declared in favor of street lamps by a majority of 129. An improvement greatly needed in that borough.

We hear a great deal about the rapid improvement of new bands of the neighboring towns. Why don't some of them make Bloom a visit? We all appreciate good music.

Two of the Pennsylvania Census Supervisors were reported adversely from the Senate committee on the 19th, namely, Clark, of this county and Sampson of Lancaster.

There is still quite a large amount due Brockway & Elwell for subscription to the COLUMBIAN up to October 1st, 1879, the date of their dissolution. Those who owe back of that date will please settle at their earliest convenience.

feb. 20, 2w.

Otters are rare animals in this county. Only four have been caught in the last thirty years. Mr. D. Lowenberg now has a beautiful specimen in his store. It was captured in Fishcreek.

An old schoolmate of Hon. C. R. Buckalew says that one of the ex-Senator's earliest compositions was entitled 'Variety is the spice of life, and consistency's the ginger.'—*Ashland Advocate.*

Bloomsburg will have water works to boast of the coming summer. Street lamps, water works and enterprising citizens, has made Bloomsburg the model town that it is.—*Miltonian.*

The COLUMBIAN is the largest paper published in the county. Smaller papers with much less reading matter charge $2.00 a year, while our price is only $1.50. While the cheapest is not always the best, in this case the best is always the cheapest.

The Hepburn House at Williamsport is the best hotel in that city. Though not so pretentious as the Park Hotel, it is first class in every respect and the charges are reasonable. A. E. Miller, formerly clerk at the Exchange Hotel of this town, is now clerking at the Hepburn. The proprietor, Mr. Updegraff, is a gentleman who thoroughly understands his business.

We are informed that H. H. Rutter, son of our townsman Dr. Rutter, is business manager of the daily and weekly *Carthage Banner*, a new paper published in Carthage, Missouri. Harry is a steady, energetic young man and we are pleased to learn of his prosperity.

GOOD SHOWING.—The Lehigh Valley railroad during the year 1879 paid all its expenses, paid a four per cent dividend, did not incur a dollar of indebtedness and has a surplus fund on hand for contingent use. This is an exceptional case and worthy of praise.

Because of our well known superior facilities and low prices, we print more posters in six months, than all the other papers in the county do in a year. Those intending to have sales this spring should come to this office for good and cheap hand bills.

Messrs. Tubbs, Chamberlin and McKinney have leased the Opera House, and propose to have some first class entertainments there.

Thomas Reece and family left for the West on Tuesday. A large number of friends were at the depot to see them off. We wish them good luck in their new home.

On Tuesday W. L. Eyerly, Esq., purchased the property on Third street, adjoining that of Mr. B. R. Davis, of Sol. Helwig, for $950. Mr. Eyerly will occupy the place in the spring. —*Item.*

An accident occurred on Sunday night last which might have proved very serious in its results. A coal-oil lamp, sitting on a table in the house of Sally Biggs on East street, suddenly exploded, igniting the curtains, carpet, &c., and but for the prompt and timely action of a passer-by, who heard the alarm given by the lady of the house, there would have been another large fire to chronicle, as the building is a frame one and is immediately adjoined by another frame. Fortunately Miss Biggs was not near the lamp when it exploded. Every day we hear of such accidents and people can not be too careful with their lamps.

The Anniversary of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society of the M. E. Church, of this place, will take place in that church on Wednesday March 3. Mrs. E. B. Stevens, of Wilmington, Delaware, one of the Secretaries of the General Society will be present and address the meetings both afternoon and evening. The afternoon meeting at three o'clock will be *for ladies only*, and all ladies of the community are cordially invited to be present. The evening meeting at half past seven will be *public*, and a good attendance is earnestly solicited.

It is with the deepest feelings of regret that we announce the death of Louisa, wife of H. W. Kahler. She was married but last Christmas, when she came among us an entire stranger and in a short time, by her quiet and refined manners and lady-like bearing, made for herself a host of warm friends especially among the ladies of the Lutheran church of which she was a consistent and devout member. Two weeks after her marriage and arrival in this place she took very sick and was bed-fast up to the time of her death, which occurred on Thursday evening of last week about half past eight o'clock. Her disease was pronounced hasty consumption. Mrs. Kahler was 28 years of age. The funeral services were held at the house and were conducted by Rev. O. D. S. Marclay, from whence her remains were taken to Hughesville, Lycoming county., where she formerly resided, and interred on Sunday. Her sudden dissolution will be deplored by all who knew her.

At a meeting of the Vestry of St. Paul's Episcopal church, held on Monday night last, all the members but one being present, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, certain rumors have been put in circulation to the effect that all opposition in this congregation, to a division of the Diocese has been withdrawn, therefore be it

Resolved that the Vestry of St. Paul's church, Bloomsburg, do assure our Rector that every effort on his part, heretofore made to defeat the proposed division of this Diocese, has met with our hearty approval; and further, that we request him to continue his zeal in opposing the said proposed movement whenever, in his judgment, the subject requires attention.

During our recent trip to Ohio we had the pleasure of meeting Joseph Sands, a son of ex-Commissioner Joseph E. Sands of this county. He is residing at Bowling Green, the capital of Wood county, where he went ten years ago when quite a young man, and is engaged in the sale of hardware, stoves, tinware, agricultural implements, &c., being the junior partner of the firm of McMahan & Sands. Their store is large and nicely furnished, and their stock is extensive. Though yet a young man, Mr. Sands by close attention to business has become one of the prominent citizens of his town, and has acquired considerable property as the result of his own efforts. His friends here will be pleased to see him whenever he can spare the time to visit his native place.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

On Friday the 20th inst., the Court met pursuant to adjournment.

On the application of the District Attorney the hearing in the habeas corpus case of Edward Curley was further continued to the adjourned court on the 12th day of March, on the ground of the sickness of Dr. LaShell a witness for the commonwealth.

Sarah E. Beaver vs. W. A. Beaver. Divorce decreed from the bonds of matrimony.

Charter granted to The Mandrake Swamp Company with power to drain certain swamp lands in Scott township and the town of Bloomsburg.

Peter Miller vs. G. H. Fowlers' admrs. Case stated. Opinion filed.

Road in Madison township near John Shetlers. Report of viewers set aside. Held that public notice must be given of the time and place of meeting of viewers to vacate a road in the same manner as is required in regard to laying out a road.

Citation to administrators of James Lamon, deceased. Continued to 12th March.

SUGARLOAF ITEMS.

Times are prosperous here at present. Three steam saw mills are working successfully and not far apart. The mill formerly run by Mr Hess is conducted at present by Mr. McHenry and is doing a very thriving business. The mill is placed on lands of Messrs. Kecher and Hess. Another mill is placed on lands of Jacob H. Fritz, owned and conducted by Mr. Carpenter, which is also doing a thriving business. These two mills, and the third, which is placed on lands of Mr. William Seward, and owned by Mr. Welliver, are dressing the North Mountain of its timber rapidly, yet it does not change its picturesque scenery, and even some of the spring birds have come back to visit us. The schools at present are in a prosperous condition. Rev. Fortner is holding a protracted meeting at the M. E. church, partly known as the Hess church along Fishingcreek. We have had no sleighing this winter.

LITTLE JOY.

John B. Zehnder, of Catawissa, this county, an old soldier and now a retired sailor, was in town this week. The following is a synopsis of the singular career of this man, which we publish for the information of our readers:

He was mustered out April 22, 1861, for three months service in Company A, 9th regiment, which was recruited at Shamokin, Northumberland county.

September 14, 1861, he joined Company K, 46th regiment and served as Sergeant until July 1, 1864, when he was discharged on surgeon's certificate.

On the 12th of January, 1871, he shipped on the "Colorado" as a first-class fireman; was drafted for Monitor Conniars, which was put out of commission, and he was then put on the steamer "Sangus;" October 1st, 1876, shipped in same place and was transferred to United States steamer "Huron." Was discharged on the 13th of November, 1877, at his own request.

On March 5th, 1878, he again shipped on the "St. Louis" at League Island, Pennsylvania. Was sent to New York on receiving ship "Colorado" and drafted then to the "Monongahala" to an Asiatic station. Was discharged for disability at Mayor's Island, San Francisco, on the 22nd of January, 1880.

Sherman & Co., Marshall, Mich., want an agent in this county at once, at a salary of $100 per month and expenses paid. For full particulars address as above. Nov. 21-1y.

Mr. Frank Dentler has been confined to his bed for several days past. We hope he may soon be about again.

The District Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association met at Bloomsburg on the 20th for the transaction of business relating to the Association. Danville, Pottsgrove, Berwick and Bloom were represented. J. S. Huber, of Danville, was elected to fill the vacancy of D. A. Engle; J. K. Bittenbender was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the removal of E. H. Witman to Wilkesbarre. The committee decided to hold their annual convention at Pottsgrove on the 21st, 22nd and 23 of May next.

In a great many cities next St. Patrick's day will not be celebrated by the Irish societies with the usual festivities. It has been determined to devote the money, heretofore used in commemoration of the day, to the relief of the famishing in the old country. This is a good resolve and should be adopted everywhere. Were every Irishman to work that day and give his wages to the poor starving men, women and children, he would be doing himself honor, and millions of dollars would thus be raised for the sufferers of the old sod.

BERWICK LETTER.

EDS. COLUMBIAN:

Rev. Smyser returned from his trip to the South, looking as if he had been benefited by it.

Last Monday evening, Bishop Peck delivered a sermon in the M. E. Church. He had a large and attentive audience. Listening to his strong earnest voice, one almost forgets that the winter of life is upon him.

On Wednesday of last week Rev. Evans made another couple happy—Mr. Frank Dietlehurst and Miss Grace Eaton, the ceremony taking place at the home of the bride. Many beautiful presents were given them by the relatives and friends of the bride.

At the Literary Society last week, the judges after listening to a long discussion on dancing, by Dr. Senderling, C. H. Zehnder and J. Kurtz on the affirmative, and Dr. Freas, S. B. Crouse and Freas on the negative, decided that it was an immoral amusement. The society is on its feet again and promises to be a grand success at least until the heat of the summer is upon us.

On Tuesday evening last the friends of Harry Glenn marched in a body from the house of B. F. Crispin to that of the former carrying with them packages of all sizes, which soon lay unopened in his parlors. The occasion was his wooden wedding. The presents ranged from the marble topped tables down to brooms, including some very fine chairs. The card on a beautiful clock contained this 'strange device' 'From one of the fifteen—two club and his frow.' The large assembly spent a few hours very pleasantly in games and listening to the charming singing of Mrs. Glenn.

REPORTER.

Berwick, Pa., Feb. 25, '80.

Mr. John Muhlig, Poyner, Iowa, sends the following communication:

I have been a sufferer with Rheumatism for the last six years: I tried lots of medicines without any success. Visiting one day the store of Messrs: Wangler Bros., in Waterloo, Iowa, these gentlemen induced me to try the St. Jacob's Oil, telling me that it had a record as a very effective remedy. I bought a bottle used it regularly according to directions, and was relieved of the ailment from which I had suffered for six long years.

ASBURY ITEMS.

Your reporter had the pleasure of having a conversation about a year ago with one of the first settlers in this country, John Cutter, who now resides in the State of Ohio. He told me he felled the first tree where Asbury now stands.

Asbury is composed of about eighteen families and about sixty-eight souls all told. We have preaching every two weeks at ten o'clock, a. m., and Sabbath school every Sabbath morning at nine o'clock a. m.

Albert Ammerman is one of the oldest settlers now living in the place. He is about 77 years old and smart for one of his age. He was elected Justice of the Peace in 1850 and served the people in that capacity for twenty-five years. M. A. Ammerman his son, succeeded him and was elected in 1875 and re-elected again this spring. Mr. Elliott Lemons was re-elected constable.

The pale horse and his rider have passed through this place and took from our midst Dr. W. M. Sutliff's little girl. She is now released from all her sufferings and enjoying the company of redeemed ones, though missed very much by her afflicted parents.

REPORTER.

HOW DEAR PAPER AFFECTS THE COUNTRY PRESS.

Something has got to be done to stop the rise in paper, or the asylums for the poor throughout the country will soon be filled with newspaper publishers.—*Wilmar (Minn.) Republican.*

There is a serious side to this facetious remark. The average country weekly newspaper has, for the past two years, consumed from $1,000 to $1,500 worth of printing paper per year for its edition. This paper in 1880 is costing the publisher $1,500 where it was last year $1,000, and $2,250 against $1,500 in 1879 or 1878. This increase of expense of $500 to $750 a year seems like a small item to a big city daily newspaper establishment, but it is a very serious amount to a village weekly journal, of which there are some 5,000 published in the United States. It is a large enough sum to cover the question of profit and loss in some thousand of cases. Add to the expenses of the average country weekly $750 for white paper and the publisher not only will not make a dollar for his year's labor, but will drift behind and become involved in debt in carrying on his business. So that an advance of 50 per cent. in print is really no laughable matter with the country editor. It places him in this dilemma: if he raises his subscription price 75 cents or $1 a year to meet and cover the advance of the paper combination in print, he will lose a third or half of his subscribers. The 'Stop my paper' will pour in on him as thick and fast, comparatively, as they did on a certain publisher not a thousand miles from here who raised his price but one cent a copy: if he tries the other horn of the dilemma, and reduces the size of his sheet to correspond with the advancement of paper, he will cripple his advertising space, and deprive his readers of a material portion of the local and other news of the day, and soon ruin himself. This is the 'straight between two' in which the papermaker's combination has placed the country newspaper publishers. They are being ground to powder between the upper and nether mill stones of fixed subscription prices and "protected" monopoly combination on paper. As Congress has made a law which enables the papermakers to fleece the country publishers, the latter are appealing to Congress to repeal it. They want to do no injustice to the papermakers, and to this end ask Congress to remove the taxes on chemicals and pulp, whereby the manufacturers can make cheaper paper. What objection can the high tariffites have to this proposition? Why should they oppose removing the duties on soda-ash and wood and straw pulp? And after those taxes are removed and the cost of paper making essentially cheapened why should not the tax on imported paper also be repealed? This is what the country press ask at the hands of Congress, and it is reasonable and right and should be granted.—*Cleveland Paper.*

See a woman on horseback in another column, riding near Speer's Vineyards, with a bunch of Grapes from which Speer's Port Grape Wine is made, that is so highly esteemed by the medical profession for the use of invalids weakly persons and the aged.

Sold by Druggists.

June 27 1-y.

Township Officers.

At the election held last week, Tuesday, the following officers were elected in the several townships and boroughs:

BEAVER.—Constable, Joseph Klingerman; Supervisors, Peter Eckrote, Josiah Fisher; Overseers, John Henninger, Daniel Singly; School Directors, Israel Schell, Peter Knecht; Assessor, Jonas Bittenbender; Judge of Election, Levi Michael; Inspectors, J. J. Hartzel, David Fink; Auditor, A. Rice.

BENTON.—Constable, B. G. Kase; Supervisors, S. Appleman, G. M. Gibbons; Overseers, W. L. Cole, A. Smith; School Directors, J. J. McHenry, R. T. Smith; Assessor, J. S. Kline; Judge, G. W. Poust; Inspectors, J. M. Long, R. Shultz; Auditor, R. Karns.

BERWICK.—Chief Burgess, J. M. Evans; Assistant Burgess, Charles Haas; Town Council, M. W. Jackson, D. Baucher, J. M. Kisner, Hudson Owen, J. A. Moorehead; High Constable, I. F. Chamberlin; Constable, J. G. Jacoby; Overseers, O. H. P. Kitchen, H. L. Freas; school directors, A. Bower, D. C. McHenry; judge, W. Jarrard; inspectors, W. M. Bredbender, M. Thornton; assessor, S. B. Bowman.

BRIARCREEK.—Justice of the peace, Adam Sult; constable, J. F. Miller; supervisors L. Martz, L. Shaffer; overseers, E. Rittenhouse, R. H. Sitler; school directors, L. H. Dieterick, S. Dieterick; assessor, G. Miller; judge, G. M. Bowe; inspectors, M. Masteller, A. Fowler; auditor, W. L. Housecknecht; clerk, L. J. Adams.

CENTRALIA.—chief burgess, James Coliban; council, L. S. Baldwin, J. Daly, T. Reichard, D. F. Curry, O. B. Millard, John Killen; high constable, Samuel Smith school directors, James Reilly, Robert Farrell; judge, Daniel Dougherty; inspectors, R. W. Benson, P. McCafferty; assessor, E. Sykes; auditor, Thos. Murphy.

CONYNGHAM.—constable, Harvey George; supervisors, R. Dixon, John Purcell, poor director, Thomas Gallagher; school directors, A. Donohue, T. Chapman, P. Cain; assessor, I. Rothermel; judge, F. Woods, north, J. Hogan, south; inspectors, J. Haffey, J. Farrel, north, H. Rouderbush, J. Monroe, south; auditor, M. Monagan; clerk, Pat. Haley.

CATAWISSA.—constable, D. Giffin; supervisors, C. Hartman, D. Gensil; overseers, J. Mensch, J. H. Geary; school directors, P. Kern, E. B. Guie; assessor, L. Hayhurst; judge, T. E. Harder; inspectors, A. B. Cleaver, W. L. Herner; auditor, M. V. B. Kline.

CENTRE.—constable, J. Weiss; supervisors, L. Creasy, H. K. Remley; overseers, J. A. Hess G. A. Hartman; school directors, G. Conner, T. F. Conner; assessor, J. H. Aikman; judge, E. Kelchner; inspectors, E. Hagenbuch, Thomas Hagenbuch; auditor, J. M. White.

FISHINGCREEK.—Justice of the peace, M. A. Ammerman; constable, E. L. Lemon, supervisors, A. Bender, J. Drescher; overseers, P. J. Weaver, J. D. McHenry; school directors, W. Kramer, J. M. Wenner, assessor, C. J. Kramer; judge, L. Beishline, inspectors, M. Wenner, H. Hess; auditor, Silas McHenry; clerk, W. N. Hosler, treasurer, J. M. Buckalew.

FRANKLIN.—Justice of the peace, F. J. Reeder; constable, J. L. Artley; supervisors, W. Clark, W. George; overseers, W. G. Fisher, W. Watts; school directors, A. Loreman, M. Hower; assessor, T. Ashworth; judge, J. John; inspectors, D. Drumm, J. Artley; auditor, C. B. Seesholtz.

GREENWOOD.—Justice of the peace, W. M. Eves, constable, A. H. Parker; supervisors, B. F. Batton, J. G. Girton; school directors, T. Lemon, T. F. Hayman; assessor, W. M. Reece; judge, W. Lawton; inspectors, H. J. McEwen, A. Freas; auditor, J. W. Eves.

HEMLOCK.—Justice of the peace, John Hartman; constable, S. Shoemaker; supervisors, T. W. Pursel, P. Stroup; overseers, E. Ohl, P. Folk; school directors, J. Kistler, A. J. Emmett; assessor, F. J. Ohl; judge, A. Stouffer; inspectors, E. Utt, C. Pursel; auditor, H. McBride.

JACKSON.—constable, R. Hess, supervisors, M. McHenry, G. Hurleman; overseers, M. Savage, W. Brink; school directors, E. Cole, J. L. Hess; assessor, G. M. Hartman; judge, H. Hurleman; inspectors, Asa Yorks, A. Knouse; auditor, F. Derr; clerk, S. W. McHenry.

LOCUST.—Justice of the peace, H. M. Yocum; constable, A. S. Knittle; supervisors, C. Billig, S. Strauser; overseers, C. Beaver, C. Small; school directors, D. Stine, J. Scott; assessor, C. S. Hower; judge, J. Brofee; inspectors, C. S. Fox, D. F. Knittle; auditor, P. Swank.

MADISON.—Justice of the peace, J. W. Smith; constable, A. Hartline; supervisors, W. Johnson, I. Whipple; overseer, J. Kisner; school directors, C. W. Dodson, G. Whitenight; assessor, S. Farnsworth; judge, M. Smith; inspectors, E. Welliver, J. E. Cotner; auditor, D. M. Sheep.

MAIN.—Justice of the peace, J. D. Bodine; constable, I. Yetter; supervisors, W. K. Shuman, Geo. Breisch; overseers, W. H. Utt, F. M. Fleming; school directors, S. Deener, J. Kiefer; assessor, W. H. Fisher; judge, J. R. Jamison; inspectors, F. R. Bowman, J. C. Shuman; auditor, J. E. Longenberger.

MIFFLIN.—constable, C. Harpster; supervisors, S. Grover, L. H. Creasy; overseers, T. Bowman, J. Hartzel, school directors, E. Stout, E. Sweppenhiser; assessor, A. W. Hess; judge, C. W. Hess; inspectors, H. Heller, C. P. Klingerman; auditor, J. Grover.

MONTOUR.—constable, I. Giger; supervisors, P. Hinebach, M. Rauch; overseers, H. Lazarus, D. Mouser; school directors, J. G. Quick, P. M. Karshner; assessor, A. Roberts; judge, W. P. Mouser; inspectors, P. A. Evans, A. Erwin; auditors, P. S. Karshner 1 year, J. Quick 2 years.

MT. PLEASANT.—constable, D. Stroup; supervisors, S. Crawford, R. C. Howell; overseers, I. K. Appleman, E. Howell; school directors, J. Wolf, E. Ikeler; assessor, J. J. Crawford; judge, W. Miller; inspectors, J. Rifledifer, C. Mason; auditor, A. Kressler.

ORANGE.—Justice of the peace, J. B. Harman; constable, M. C. Keller; supervisors, W. Mosteller, J. Neyhard; overseers, J. Stiner, R. Sitler; school directors, M. Sitler, A. Eveland; assessor, E. L. Snyder; judge, J. Cadman; inspectors, C. Herring, M. B. Patterson; auditor, W. Bowman; clerk, J. B. Delong.

PINE.—Constables, J. Dribelbis, J. B. Cornelison tie votes, supervisors, J. V. Kinney, E. Bogart; overseers, J. Bruner, B. Lore; school directors, S. Eckman, J. C. Sanders; assessor, W. P. Faust; judge, S. Stackhouse; inspectors, W. Lyons, W. Harlan; auditor, P. W. Sones.

ROARINGCREEK.—Constable, J. Hampton; supervisors D. Long, J. Levan; overseers, W. Zaner, A. Witner; school directors, W. Yeager, D. W. Rarig; assessor, I. W. Cherington; judge, W. Levan; inspectors, P. Hower, M. Breech, auditor, W. Myers.

SUGARLOAF.—Constable, J. W. Shultz; supervisors, G. Hess, J. W. Pennington; school directors, E. Diltz, D. Kocher; assessor, J. W. Larish; judge, C. Larish; Inspectors, J. S. Hess, J. D. Cole; auditor, B. D. Cole.

SCOTT.—Justice of the Peace, H. G. Creveling; constable, H. N. White; supervisors, C. Lee, W. Ruckle; school directors, D. Jones, J. Shellenberger, auditor, A. W. White; assessor, O. B. Case; judge, H. C. Kelchner, west, D. Geisinger, east; inspectors, H. H. Brown, C. C. Trench, west, G. Patterson, P. Jacoby, east.

The Question of Polygamy.

Congress at last seems disposed to pay some attention to the question of Polygamy. A bill has been reported from the Judiciary Committee which has been aimed directly at the practices of the Mormons in Utah. It imposes a fine of not more than five dollars and an imprisonment of not over five years upon every person who having a husband or wife living, thereafter marries another. This provision does not extend to any person whose husband or wife is absent for five successive years, and is not known to be living, nor to any person whose lawful marriage has been dissolved by a decree of a competent court. It provides that in any case of prosecution for bigamy any person drawn as a juryman may be challenged if he is or has been living in the practice of bigamy or polygamy, or if he believes it morally, religiously or legally right for a man to have more than one living and undivorced wife, or to live in the practice of cohabitation with more than one woman. It also authorizes the President to grant amnesty to offenders against the law for offences committed before Jan. 1, 1879, on such conditions and under such limitations as he shall think proper, but no such amnesty shall have effect unless the conditions thereof shall have been complied with. The bill provides that the issue of plural or Mormon marriages born before Nov. 1, 1879, shall be considered legitimate and entitled to all the rights of heirs and next to kin of their parents. If this bill is pressed to a passage and resolutely enforced, there will soon be an end of the debased and demoralizing practices of the Mormons, which have for so long defied and disgraced law. As soon as the Mormon bigamist finds himself on the footing of a common criminal, subject at any time to punishment, the beginning of the end is at hand. Congress cannot afford to neglect longer or trifle with the grave issues of polygamy. If her laws are to be respected at all, they must be obeyed as well on the shores of the Salt Lake as along the coast of the Atlantic. Congress could not do a better work this session than turn aside from President making and other political intriguing and stamp out once and forever the vicious and licentious tenants of the Mormon doctrine of polygamy.—*Jeffersonian.*

The Winter Palace Plot.

PREVIOUS ATTEMPTS UPON THE LIVES OF KINGS AND EMPERORS RECALLED.

The past two years have witnessed a series of attempts at the assassination of European rulers quite unexampled for frequency and persistency. It is true that, in former epochs, close successions of such attempts have given rise to the theory of epidemics in king killing, which is another form of expressing the obvious truth that one attempt suggests another. In 1848 there was unsuccessful attacks against Emperor William (then Crown Prince) and against the Duke of Modena. Four or five years later, in 1852 and 1853, occurred attempts on Napoleon III., first at Marseilles by an infernal machine, and afterward in Paris, near the Opera Comique; on Queen Victoria, on the Emperor of Austria, and on King Victor Emanuel. From 1854 to 1862 inclusive, there were nine attempts, nearly half of which were directed against Napoleon III. Pianori's, who fired at him in the Champs Elysees in 1855, the London plot of 1857, the Orsini plot of 1858, and the second Italian plot of 1862. The other five of that period were the stabbing of Ferdinand II. of Naples, the attempt of Fuentes on Isabella II., the mortal wounding of the Duke of Parma, Becker's attempt at the King of Prussia, and that of Brusios at the Queen of Greece. Then a lull ensued broken by the beginning of attempts on the Czar. In 1866 he was attacked in St. Petersburg, and the year following at Paris. In 1866 the Prince of Servia was assassinated, and after that for ten years came a cessation of attacks upon European rulers, except the one upon King Amadeus of Spain. However, in that interim, General Prim, in Spain, and the Earl of Mayo, in India, fell victims to the assassin, and attempts were also made on Minister Zorilla, on the Viceroy of Egypt and on the Mikado of Japan.

The present group of attempts at assassination—for their close connection with each other requires them to be so classed—began in 1878 with Hoedel's attempt on the German Emperor in May, followed by Nobiling's in June, and those two by Moncasi's attempt against King Alfonso of Spain in October and Passanante's against King Humbert of Italy in November. The year 1879 opened with the assassination of Prince Krapotkine, Governor of Kharkoff, in March. Quickly upon that followed the attempt of Solvieff against the Czar at St. Petersburg in April; in December came the dynamite train plow at Moscow; shortly after followed the second attempt against King Alfonso of Spain, and now has come the Winter Palace plot, the fifth attempt against the Czar's life in all, and the third within a year.

It is true that royalty has not alone been aimed at by the assassin in the period of thirty odd years thus reviewed. The fate of Lincoln shows that republics are not exempt, and the Presidents of Peru, Bolivia, Ecuador and Paraguay, all four of whom perished between 1872 and 1877, teach the same lesson. But the striking fact of the present epidemic is the introduction of a political principle into assassination, in accordance with which assassins have sought the lives of kings and emperors because they were kings and emperors, and not always from individual hate or from a sense of personal grievance.—*New York Sun.*

Marriages.

SIMKINS—SCHUYLER.—Married in Bloomsburg Feb. 19, by Rev. Stewart Mitchell, D. D. Mr. Thomas W. Simkins of Camden, N. J., to Miss Eva Schuyler of Bloomsburg.

HARTMAN—GEIGER.—At Bloomsburg Feb 19, 1880, by Rev. J. P. Tustin, Mr. Wm. F. Hartman to Miss Mary C. Geiger, both of Bloomsburg.

CREVELING—HEATH.—Married Feb. 19th, by Rev. H. A. Dietterich at his residence in Fishingcreek, Columbia county, Pa., Mr. S. C. Creveling to Miss Maggie S. Heath all of Van Camp, Columbia county.

THOMAS—HITTLE.—On the 18th inst., by Rev. W. E. Krebs, Mr. Casper Thomas to Miss Phoebe Hittle, both of this place.

Deaths.

MILLS.—At Fargo City, Dakota, February 20, 1880, Garret Linderman, only son of Chas. D. and Alice M. Mills, aged 4 months and 4 days.

Business Notices

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

The cheapest lot of Handkerchiefs ever offered in this place are now at Lutz & Sloan's.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

Butterick & Co's. Spring Patterns at Marr's.

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

Lutz & Sloan are selling Dry Goods very cheap to reduce their stock before they remove into their new store.

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Call and subscribe for Butterick & Co's. Spring Books at Marr's.

Real Seal Skin Caps just received at David Lowenberg's.

Lutz & Sloan are selling the best light or dark calico for 8 cents a yard.

Rubber Coats white and black, Blankets, Leggings, Gloves, Caps at the lowest prices at D. Lowenberg's.

The only reliable Dress Patterns in the country is Butterick's. Sold by Marr.

Hats! CAPS, Hats!! CAPS, Hats!!! CAPS. Latest styles. Lowest Prices at the Popular Clothing Store of D. Lowenberg.

Lutz & Sloan will sell you Muslins cheaper now than you can buy them a month from now.

Admission free at McKinney's.

Marr has the finest Syrups in town. Try them.

500 tons more of good dry rock oak bark wanted by Silas Young Light Street for which I will pay $6.00 per ton cash, or $6.50 in goods.

I also buy Hemlock Bark and I will pay $5.00 per ton cash or $5.50 per ton in goods.

Feb. 9 2-m

Marr takes Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs and Lard for goods.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

4,000 pounds of nice dried apples wanted at Silas Youngs store Light Street for which I will pay the highest market prices.

December, 16, 4-m.

Neuralgia Cured

By Dr. Burr's Neuralgia and Sick Headache Pills. A universal cure for Neuralgia, Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Palpitation of the Heart, and Headache arising from over stimulating either from Opium or Alcoholic Stimulants.

These Pills are a special Preparation only for the cure of special diseases named and for these diseases they are worthy of a trial by all inteligent sufferers. They are prepared expressly to cure Neuralgia, Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, and loss of Nervous Energy. They are pleasant to take, they dissolve in the mouth; harmless, and effectually cure all diseases arising from a deranged Nervous System. They contain no opium or other narcotic.

Prepared by A. E. Burr, M. D., Scranton, Pa.
French Richards & Co., Philada., agents.
Sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents.

Long Branch, Dec. 20, 1880.

Dr. A. E. Burr,

Dear Sir:—Your Neuralgia Pills cured me, and I was the greatest of sufferers. I have since bought them for my sister and others and they cure every case.

Capt Cromwell,
Long Branch Pier.

Pittston, Pa., Feb. 6th, 1880.

Dr. A. E Burr,

Dear Sir:—My wife had the Neuralgia for ten days and her physician gave her no relief. I called on Dr. Knapp and got a bottle of your Neuralgia Pills and they relieved her in a few hours.

Thomas Ford,
Agt Dupont Powder Co.

C. A. Kleim, Bloomsburg, says: I have sold these Pills before and they give good satisfaction and always cure.

For Sale by C. A. Kleim, Bloomsburg druggist.

Rowell & Co's. Advc's.

AGENTS WANTED for the richly illustrated and only complete and authentic history of the great tour of GRANT AROUND THE WORLD

It describes Royal Palaces, Rare Curiosities, Wealth and Wonders of the Indies, China, Japan, etc. A million people want it. This is the best chance of your life to make money. Beware of "cheap penny" imitations. Send for circulars and extra terms to agents.

Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING Co. Phila. feb 13, 4w r

Rich Farms and Mineral Lands in Shenandoah Valley of Va., for sale Send stamp for catalogue. STAPLES, GRATTAN & Co., Harrisonburg, Va. feb 13, 4w r

$777 A YEAR and expenses to agents. Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta Maine. r feb 13-4w.

ADVERTISERS by addressing GEO. P. ROWELL & CO. to spend 10c., New York, can learn the exact cost of any proposed line of ADVERTISING in American newspapers. 256-page Pamphlet, 100. feb 13, 4w

NEW MUSIC 24 Pieces for 30 cts. In order to introduce Musical Boxes to the largest and most discriminating music loving people in the world, we will send by mail, postage paid, 24 of the best and most popular pieces of Music, correctly printed and worth $50 each, for only 30 cents. Address, W. World Manufacturing Co., 26 Temple Place, Boston, Mass. feb 13, 4w wac

BEST We have the best selling Ten Cent article in the world. One agent ordered 500 Sept., 500 Oct., 500 Nov., 500 Dec., 500 Jan., 500 Feb., 500 March, 500 April, 500 May, 500 June, 500 July, 500 Aug., 500 Sept., 500 Oct., 4th, 500 Oct., 11th, 500 Oct., 18th, 500 Oct., 25th, 500 Nov., 1st, 500 Nov., 8th, 500 Nov., 15th, 500 Nov., 22nd, 500 Nov., 29th, 500 Dec., 6th, 500 Dec., 13th, 500 Dec., 20th, 500 Dec., 27th. Total, 8,500 in 32 days. We sell more goods than any house in the trade, and ours is the best selling article we ever saw. Tip top profits. Sample, with terms, 7cts Cents. WORLD MANUFACTURING CO., 26 Temple Place, Boston, Mass. feb 13, 4w wac

COOLEY CREAMER. GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

Agricultural.

A new Cereal for the West.

In the regions of western Kansas, where there is usually a lack of rainfall in any season, and where corn especially must have plenty of moisture to produce a crop in paying quantities, a grain that will not merely be a succedaneum, but will absolutely take the place of corn, has been experimented with during the past three seasons, and it is beleived to be demonstrated beyond a doubt that it will add very much to the value of Western lands.

This grain is called Egyptian, or rice corn, and, so far as known, has not been cultivated in any other part of the United States. The seed was obtained from the display made by the Egyptain Government at the Centennial Exposition. The name is derived from the resemblance of the grain to rice, and so far as it has been experimented with, has proved a success, both in wet and dry seasons. While growing, this crop could hardly be distinguished from sorghum the seed forms at the top of the stalk in large bunches, and, as it ripens and gets heavier, bends over and hangs down, not unlike a cluster of grapes. It belongs to the sugar cane family and is cultivated in the same manner and as easily as sorghum or broom corn. One bushel of seed is sufficient for five acres, and it has been put in with a wheat drill. In harvesting the heads only are gathered, and a good thrashing machine will clean ready for market two thousand bushels a day. The specimens raised this year weigh sixty pounds to the bushel. The yield per acre in 1878 was from sixty to seventy-five bushels. This season, which, as said above, has been a very dry one, the yield was forty to forty-five bushels per acre. No scientific analysis has been made of this new grain as yet; indeed, it is scarcely know, except in some two or three counties in Western Kansas, where it has been grown by several farmers who desire to find some grain that would serve in place of corn as food for stock. The trial by these men has satisfied them that for horses, cattle sheep, or swine, it is superior to maize, and farm animals to which it is fed give it the preference to corn when both are laid before them. When ground into meal the rice corn is about equal to a mixtrue of one third wheat flour and two thirds corn meal.

The Profit of Apple Growing.

It is somewhat difficult to get at the exact quantity of apples produced throghout even a State in the course of a season, as at best it must be largely guessed at; but one thing is certain, that the prodvct is steadily increasing in a greater proportion than the growth of population. We have seen it stated however, that at Chicago and other Western cities, it is by no means uncommon for a single dealer to have a hundred thousand barrels pass through his hands.

At the late Fruit-Growers Convention at Bethlehem, in this state, the question was discussed whether it was probable that the market for apples would be overdone, and we are glad to see the right argument prevailed in the decision that it was not. The apple is a tree not likely to be planted extensively near large towns, as before they are fairly in bearing the land is cut up for roads, buildings, or some improvements; and yet the cities as they grow are the chief markets for their products. The same long time of coming into bearing deters many even in country districts from planting. Those who own land are often moved not to do anything that may not come back when they want to sell, and so do not do much which will only come back in the distant future. Still in the case of an apple orchard, the value of one in bearing is now so well understood that there is less disposition to fear to plant than there was. There are some who would yet sa soon buy a farm without an orchard as with one—at least pretend to feel so while higgling on the price of the land—and a few perhaps will contend that they would give more for the land if not incumbered by the trees; but on the whole the true value of an apple orchard is much more estimated in buying and selling than it was, as may be seen from the particular care that is taken when when a farm is offered for sale to mention the fact of there being an apple orchard upon it, as well as the extent of it, the quality of it, the quality of the fruit, &c. Hence it may be received as an argument not likely to be successfully resisted, either the apple growing will be overdone or the demand for apples—really the most valuable of all fruits—will not increase even over the increase of population.

Care of Ducks.

Ducks usually begin to lay in February, and if shut up at night most of their eggs will be saved; shut up all the time they will stop laying. They will sometimes lay in nests prepared for them in their roosting-house, but do not build nests of their own until nearly done laying and ready to sit, which is about the middle of May. Taking away their eggs will not prolong their laying. Ducks should not be plucked in winter, and those that are to sit should not be plucked until a week after hatching, as their long four weeks sitting leaves them weak. After that they should be picked as often as their feathers ripen, which can be told by picking a few from the breast; if there is no colored fluid in the end of the feather, it is ripe. The little gray ducks ripen their feathers once in four weeks; if not picked soon after they begin to shed them, and pin feathers take their places, when separating them is very tedious. Larger breeds of ducklings do not ripen their feathers so quickly. The ducklings can be kept near the house better if hatched under hens, as ducks and turkeys are alike about keeping their little ones as far away as possible, until hawks or other animals catch them, when the old ones come home as tame as hens. Ducklings should be fed on raw Indian meal dough, salted a little, once or twice a week. A dish containing a few quarts of water, and refilled when empty, will do for them as well as a creek, but it should be fixed so that they can get out of the water easily or they will drown. Do not confine them, and they will help themselves to sand and insects.—*Baltimore Live Stock Bulletin.*

Prize Butter at N. Y. Fair.

There is a very fine display of extra choice butter at the great International Dairy Fair. The packages that took the prize were splendid samples of what gilt-edged butter ought to be, perfect in quality and color. Many of them were colored to a perfect June tint with Wells, Richardson & Co's Perfected Butter Color, the use of which was universally recommended both by the makers and the butter buyers.

The potato crop of the country is estimated at 181,569,000 bushels. Compared with 1878 there was an increase of 3 per cent in acreage, and the yield is estimated by the Department of Agriculture at 98 bushels per acre, against sixty last year, and 94 in 1874.

Miscellaneous.

A Spanish Knife.

The national weapon of the Spaniards, says an English writer, is the knife, and certainly they know how to use it. Talking one day with a young man who seemed likely to know, I asked him what there was peculiar in the management of the knife. "Why," said he with a smile. "I could kill you, and you couldn't kill me." "Why I'd make you wink, and stab you while you winked." "How would you make me wink." "Why, so said he," throwing up his left hand near my eye. Well, I could do the same." "Try it," said he. I tried, and found it impossible to make him wink, though I passed my hand up and down several times so as almost to touch his eyelashes. His bright black eyes looked out at me unflinchingly all the while. It was clear that his eyes were educated, and that mine were not. I then asked him if there was any possibility of an unarmed man defending himself against one armed with a knife.

"Oh, yes," said he, "I'll show you;" and, in an instant, whipping off his coat, he held the end of one sleeve firmly in his left hand wrapping the rest of his coat rapidly around his forearm, and bringing the end of the other sleeve also in his left hand, where it was firmly held, binding together the whole mass, which formed a sufficient defense against the thrust of an ordinary knife.

I then recollected that one of the marks of the men of the Puesto del Sol, at Madrid was a slashed cloak, evidently not so honorable in its origin as the "Slashed doublet" of the olden time.

Two Organs.

Regulate first the stomach, then the liver: especially the first, so as to perform their functions perfectly and you will remove at least nineteen twentieths of all the ills that mankind is heir to, in this or any other climate. Hop Bitters is the only thing that will give perfectly healthy natural action to these two organs.

Charles Dickens once wrote to Sir John Bennet a letter which runs thus: 'My dear sir—since my hall clock was sent to your establishment to be cleaned it has gone (as indeed, it always has) perfectly well, but has struck the hours with great reluctance; and, after enduring internal agonies of a most distressing nature it has now ceased striking altogether. Though a happy release for the clock, this is not convenient to the household. If you can send down any confidential person with whom the clock can confer, I think it may have something on its works that it would be glad to make a clean breast of. Faithfully yours, Charles Dickens." Sir John Bennett replied, giving good hope of the clock's perfect restoration.

Kidney-Wort is nature's remedy for Kidney and Liver diseases, Piles and Constipation.

The grand secret of manuring for corn is to keep the fitility near the surface when applied, and it is rare that another course is advisable. It is best to harrow or brush, to distribute more evenly, and then by shallow plowing prevent loss of nitrogen.—*Dr. Sturtevant.*

CATARRH

NEVER-FAILING RELIEF

AFFORDED BY

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

IT is a fact that can be substantiated by the most respectable testimonials ever offered in favor of any proprietary medicine, that the RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH does in every case afford instant and permanent relief. No matter of how long standing, or how severe the disease, the first dose gives such evidence of its value in the treatment of Catarrhal affections that confidence is at once felt in its ability to do all that is claimed for it. The testimony of physicians, druggists, and patients is unanimous in this respect, and the accumulating evidence is in point of respectability superior to any ever before obtained in favor of a popular remedy. The proprietors, therefore, may justly feel proud of the position the RADICAL CURE has attained, and believe it worthy of its reputation.

10 YEARS A SUFFERER.

From Hon. Theo. P. Bogert, Bristol, R. I.

Messrs. WEEKS & POTTER: *Gentlemen,*—Feeling thoroughly convinced of the efficacy of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH, I am inclined to drop you a line to say that although I have been sceptical of all the patented nostrums in the shape of medical cures, I have never found anything that promises such relief and ultimate cure as that of yours.

I have been afflicted with this dreadful disease for more than ten years, and not until recently could I be induced to try anything with any merit. I read the letter of Mr. HENRY WELLS, and can truthfully say that after using five or six bottles I am thoroughly convinced of its curative properties. Hoping that others similarly afflicted like myself will be induced to make the trial, I am, gentlemen, very truly, etc. THEO. P. BOGERT.

BRISTOL, R. I., July 24, 1877.

CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS,

Such as Sore, Weak, Inflamed, Red, and Watery Eyes; Thickened Eyelids; Inflammation of the Ear; Ringing Noises in the Head; Sore Throat; Elongation of the Uvula and Swelled Tonsils; Nervous Headache; Neuralgia, Dizziness, Clouded Memory, Loss of Nervous Force, Depression of Spirits,—are all carefully and scientifically treated with the remedy according to directions which accompany each bottle, or will be mailed to any address on receipt of stamps.

Each package contains the Sanford Improved Inhaling Tube, with full directions for use in all cases. Price $1.00. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

Affords the most grateful relief in Rheumatism, Weak Spine, Local Pains, Nervous Affections, Local Rheumatism, Tic Douloureux, Nervous Pain, Affections of the Kidneys, Fractured Ribs, Affections of the Chest, Colds and Coughs, Injuries of the Back, Strains and Bruises, Weak Back, Nervous Pain of the Bowels, Cramp in the Stomach and Limbs, Heart Affections, Enlarged Spleen, Bruises and Punctures, Rheumatism of the Wrists and Arms, Asthma, Gout, Local and Deep-seated Pains, Pain in the Chest, Stitch in the Back, Pain in the Hip, Varicose or Enlarged Veins, Crick in the Back and Neck, Pain and Weakness in Side and Back, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Lumbago, Whooping Cough, Sharp Pains in the Breast, Heart Disease, Quinsy, Diabetes, and for Lameness in any part of the Body.

Price, 25 Cents,

Ask for COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER.

Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

June 13, '79—1y.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau 10 Spruce street, where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

feb. 14, '77-1f r

OPIUM HABIT

Cured Painlessly.

The medicine sold for a small margin above the cost of compounding. All cases treated by special prescription. For full particulars address the Discoverer,

DR. S. B. COLLINS, or
Mrs. S. B. Collins, La Porte Ind.
feb 6-6m W&co

BUSINESS CARDS
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS, &C., &C.,

Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

FOR SALE!

A VALUABLE FARM situate in Madison township, Columbia co. near New Columbia, containing

127 Acres of Land.

There is a
TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,
A Spring and Good Well of Water, a LARGE NEW BANK BARN,
A YOUNG APPLE ORCHARD,
and other Fruit Trees on the premises.

For terms and particulars apply to
AARON SMITH,
Jan. 16, '80-3m Buck Horn, Pa.

RISLEY'S PURE DISTILLED
25c Extract 25c
WITCH HAZEL
OR, HAMAMELIS VIRGINICA.

Equal in quality to any made, and only half the price. 6 oz bottles 25c. Pints 50c.

Relieves Headache, Toothache, Earache, Sore Eyes Nose Bleed, Bleeding Lungs, Painful Menses, Whites Asthma, Redness Swellings, Piles, etc. Cures Bruises, Scalds, Burns, Sprains, Wounds, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, Chilblains, Varicose Veins, Neuralgia, &c

NATURE'S UNIVERSAL REMEDY FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

If your druggist has not got it have him order it of the proprietor.

CHARLES F. RISLEY, Wholesale Druggist, 64 Cortlandt St., New York.

Jan 23, '80,—3m

BEST IN THE WORLD!

ABSOLUTELY AND CHEMICALLY PURE

SALERATUS

Which is the same thing.

Impure Saleratus or Bi-Carb Soda (which is the same thing) is of a slightly dirty white color. It may appear white, examined by itself, but a COMPARISON WITH CHURCH & CO'S "ARM AND HAMMER" BRAND will show the difference.

See that your Saleratus and Baking Soda is white and PURE, as should be ALL SIMILAR SUBSTANCES used for food.

A simple but severe test of the comparative value of different brands of soda or saleratus is to dissolve a dessert spoonful of each kind with about a pint of water (hot preferred) in clear glasses, stirring until all is thoroughly dissolved The deleterious insoluble matter in the inferior Soda will be shown after settling some twenty minutes or sooner, by the milky appearance of the solution and the quantity of floating fleshy matter according to quality.

Be sure and ask for Church & Co.'s Soda and Saleratus and see that their name is on the package and you will get the purest and whitest made. The use of this with sour milk, in preference to Baking Powder, saves twenty times its cost.

See one pound package for valuable information and read carefully.

SHOW THIS TO YOUR GROCER.

nary 16, 80.

KIDNEY-WORT

PERMANENTLY CURES
KIDNEY DISEASES,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
Constipation and Piles.

DR. R. H. CLARK, South Hero, Vt., says, "In cases of KIDNEY TROUBLES it has acted like a charm. It has cured many very bad cases of PILES, and has never failed to act efficiently."

NELSON FAIRCHILD, of St. Albans, Vt., says, "It is of priceless value. After a dozen years of great suffering from Piles and Costiveness it completely cured me."

C. S. HOGABOOM, of Berkshire, says, "one package has done wonders for me in completely curing a severe Liver and Kidney Complaint."

IT HAS WONDERFUL POWER. WHY?

BECAUSE IT ACTS ON THE LIVER, THE BOWELS AND KIDNEYS AT THE SAME TIME.

Because it cleanses the system of the poisonous humors that develope in Kidney and Urinary diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Female disorders.

KIDNEY-WORT is a dry vegetable compound and can be sent by mail prepaid.

One package will make six qts of medicine.

TRY IT NOW!

Buy it at the Druggists. Price, $1.00.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.

3

h 7 1879-

SPEER'S

PORT GRAPE WINE

Used in the principal Churches for Communion purposes.

EXCELLENT FOR LADIES AND WEAKLY PERSONS AN THE AGED.

SPEER'S
PASSAIC, N.J.

Speer's Port Grape Wine!

FOUR YEARS OLD.

This Celebrated Native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this County

Its Invaluable

Tonic and Strengthening Poperties

are unsurrassed by any other Native Wine. Being the pure juice of the Grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that affect the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

SPEER'S

P. J. Sherry.

The P. J. SHERRY is a Wine of Superior Character, and partakes of the golden qualities of the grape, from which it is made. For Purity, Richness, Flavor and Medicinal Properties, it will be found unexcelled.

SPEER'S

P. J. Brandy.

This BRANDY stands unrivaled in this Country, being far superior for medicinal purposes.

IT IS A PURE distillation from the grape and contains valuable medicinal properties.

It has a delicate flavor, similar to that of the grapes from which it is distilled, and is in great favor among first-class families.

See that the signature of ALFRED SPEER, Passaic N. J., is over the cork of each bottle.

SOLD BY C. A. KLEIM.

June 27, 1879-1f

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Manufacturers of

Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs,

PLATFORM WAGONS, &c.

First-class work always on hand.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

Prices reduced to suit the times.

DR. CLARK'S JOHNSON'S
DYSPEPSIA LIVER DISEASE
Indian Blood Syrup.

LABORATORY,
77 W. 3d St., New York City
LATE OF JERSEY CITY.

[TRADE MARK.]

CURES *Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Fever & Ague, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Biliousness, Nervous Debility, etc.*

The Best REMEDY KNOWN to Man!

70,000 AGENTS HAVE SOLD SINCE 1870

9,000,000 Bottles.

This Syrup Possesses Varied Properties.

It stimulates the Ptyaline in the Saliva, which converts the starch and sugar of the food into glucose. A deficiency in Ptyaline causes Wind and Souring of the food in the stomach. If the medicine is taken immediately after eating the fermentation of food is prevented.

It acts upon the Liver.
It acts upon the Kidneys.
It Regulates the Bowels
It Purifies the Blood.
It Quiets the Nervous System.
It Promotes Digestion.
It Nourishes, Strengthens and Invigorates.
It carries off the Old Blood and makes new.
It opens the pores of the skin and induces Healthy Perspiration.

It neutralizes the hereditary taint, or poison in the blood, which generates Scrofula, Lrysipelas, and all manner of skin diseases and internal humors.

There are no spirits employed in its manufacture, and it can be taken by the most delicate babe, or by the aged and feeble, *care only being required in attention to directions.*

PRICE OF LARGE BOTTLES, - $1.00
PRICE OF SMALL BOTTLES, - - 50

Read the VOLUNTARY TESTIMONIALS of Persons who have been CURED by the use of the BLOOD PURIFIER.

Best Medicine Ever Used.

Eaton, Wyoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I had been troubled for a long time with a Pain in my Stomach, and found no relief until I began using your Indian Blood Syrup. I find it the best medicine in use, and I can recommend it to all, old and young. It saves many dollars in doctors' bills, and one large bottle did me more good than five dollars worth of other medicine.

Marian Labarr.

An Astonishing Cure.

Monroe, Wyoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I had been afflicted with a Cough, Loss of Appetite and Dyspepsia for ten years. I could not properly attend to my business, and hearing of your justly celebrated Indian Blood Syrup, I resolved to try it, which I did, and in a short time was much improved. I now have a good Appetite, and have enjoyed good health ever since I commenced its use.

J. Labarr.

Sick Headache Cured.

Bowman's Creek, Wyoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I had Sick Headache and by the use of your Indian Blood Syrup I was greatly relieved. I recommend all to try its valuable properties.

J. W. Burnett.

The Remedy did more than she Expected.

Newberry, Lycoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—The Indian Blood Syrup did more than I expected it would and it has cured me of Liver Complaint. I use it as a Medicine and would not be without it.

Mrs. Mary Charman.

Headache and Dizziness.

Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—Your Indian Blood Syrup has cured me of Headache, Dizziness and Loss of Appetite, so that I am now able to work in my factory. My wife derived more benefit from its use than from any other medicine.

Henry Russel.

Would not be Without it.

Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—The Indian Blood Syrup is the Best I ever used and I would not be without it, it is good for all complaints.

John Burkhart.

Diseases of the Stomach.

Eaton, Wyoming county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I had a Weak Stomach and could eat no meat or any hearty food whatever. By a friend's advice I commenced the use of your Indian Blood Syrup, which after a short trial, effectually relieved me and I can now eat anything I choose. Your Syrup gives universal satisfaction.

Elizabeth Hadsall.

All that it is recommended to be.

Opera House, Columbia, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent Indian Blood Syrup and it has proven just as represented. I can recommend it to all.

Wm. Rochow,
Wholesale Merchant, 5th street.

Unanimous Recommiendation.

The following add their testimony for the Indian Blood Syrup:

H. E. Gwaff, engineer P R R,
J. G. Smith, at Baldwins Steel Works.
Mrs. Snyder, of Columbia.
A. Brener, of Washingtonburgh.
John Kenys, of Safe Harbor.

Would not be Without it.

Benton, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent Indian Blood Syrup and have received much benefit therefrom. I could not get along without it.

Mrs. Barber.

Never Fails to Cure.

East Lemon, Wyoming Co. Pa.

Dear Sir:—I was sick for three years, and under professional treatment most of the time without being benefited. At last I was induced to try your Indian Blood Syrup and after a short trial, I found myself in better health than I had been for six years.

Mrs. Theron Ball

Sure Cure for Liver Complaint.

Rohrsburg, Columbia Co. Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that your Indian Blood Syrup has been used by me, for Liver Complaint, which had been troubling me for a long time I derived more benefit from the use of the Syrup than from any other medicine. I heartily recommend it, and advise all sufferers to give it a trial.

L P Smith

Loss of Appetite.

Rohrsburg, Columbia county Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have used your excellent Indian Blood Syrup for Loss of Appetite and Weakness of the Stomach, with very beneficial results. I believe your medicine to be the greatest blood purifier known, and advise all who may be suffering as I was to give it a speedy trial.

Mrs. E Avery

Pains in Shoulders.

Rohrsburg, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that your Indian Blood Syrup has greatly relieved me of Pains in the Sroulder and Chest, which I had been afflicted with for years. I recommend it very highly.

Mrs. Mary Welsh.

Kidney Complaint.

Bear Gap, Columbia County, Pa.

Dear Sir:—My Father has been suffering with Kidney Complaint for a long time and had been under doctors' treatment, but the doctors could not effect a cure. I have been subject to a Numbness and Weakness in my Left Arm. We obtained some of your invaluable Indian Blood Syrup from your Agent, Wm. H. Potter, and it has cured my father completely, and my arm is much better. It does not trouble me half so much. Your medicine is excellent.

Josiah John.

Female Complaints.

Bear Gap, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I purchased some of your Indian Blood Syrup for my wife for Inflamation and Female Complaint, and it has given her relief.

J K Berner

Best Medicine Ever Used.

Bear Gap, Columbia county, Pa.

Dear Sir:—My little son was troubled with his water passing from him involuntarily, day and night. I consulted two doctors and gave him medicine, but without effect. I bought some of your celebrated Indian Blood Syrup, a short trial of which, cured him.

Lambert Camp.

Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

Numida, Columbia County, Pa.

Dear Sir:—For many years my wife was afflicted with Dyspepsia, and we spent considerable money without receiving benefit. We procured some of your Indian Blood Syrup and she began to improve in health from the time she commenced its use.

Solomon D Snyder

Liver Complaint.

Centralia, Columbia Co. Pa.

Dear Sir:—This is to certify that I was unwell and could scarcely attend to my work. I think my Liver was affected. I procured some of your Indian Blood Syrup and now, after a short trial, feel like a new man. I recommend its use to all.

Daniel Goodman.

Dyspepsia and Neuralgia.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—Your valuable Indian Blood Syrup has effected a permanent cure in my case. I had been afflicted with the Dyspepsia and Neuralgia, but am now entirely well.

Mrs. John Thornton.

Bilious Stomach Cured.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have been troubled with Bilious Complaint and by the use of your Indian Blood Syrup it has effectually cured me.

John N Williams.

Dyspepsia Cured.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—Your valuable Indian Blood Syrup has cured me of Dyspepsia.

Mrs. S B Adkins.

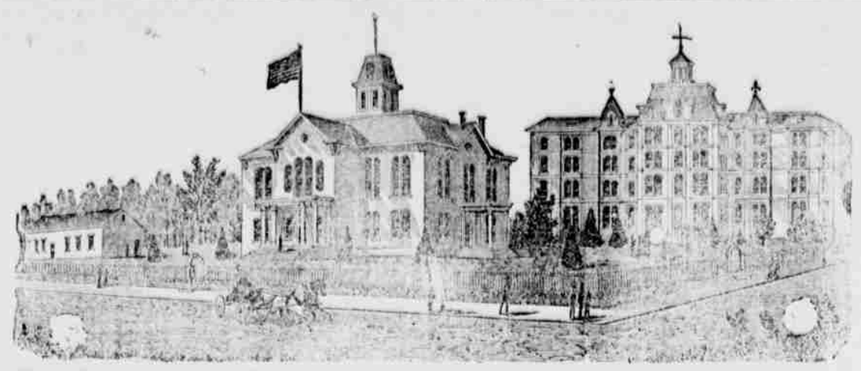
Liver Complaint.

Hyde Park, Luzerne Co., Pa.

Dear Sir:—I have been troubled with Liver Complaint, but I was permanently cured by using your valuable Indian Blood Syrup.

Mrs. G P Berlingame.

Dec 12, 1879-1y W & co



BLOOMSBURG STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

Rev. D. J. WALLER, Jr., A. M., Principal.

THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.

Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft spring water.

Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.

Courses of study prescribed by the State:

I. Model School. II. Preparatory. III. Elementary. IV. Classical.

Adjunct Courses: I. Academic. II. Commercial. III. Course in Music. IV. Course in Art. V. Course in Physical Culture.

The Elementary Scientific and Classical Courses are [illegible] and students graduating therein, receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding Degrees: Master of the Elementary; Master of the Sciences; Master or Bachelor of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates of their attainments, signed by the officers of the Board of Trustees.

The course of study prescribed by the State, is liberal, and the Academic and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.

The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her Schools. To this end it solicits young ladies of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving school. For Catalogue, address the Principal.

HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees. F. P. BILMYER, Secretary.

Sept. 5, '78.

DON'T DELAY

But come at once and look through the largest stock of

Ready-Made Clothing

IN THE COUNTY.

IF WE CANNOT SUIT IN

READY-MADE,

WE CAN

SELL YOU THE CLOTH,

OR

TAKE YOUR MEASURE,

AND MAKE YOU A SUIT IN

CITY STYLE

BETTER AND

CHEAPER

THAN ANY OTHER STORE IN TOWN.

CLOTS, CASSIMERES,

SOLD BY THE YARD.

NOVELTIES,

Hats, Caps, &c.,

For Men and Boys,

Pearl Shirts,

Under Clothing.

Pretty suits for little boys,

Cheap suits for Men,

Cheap Overcoats,

Trunks, Satchels, Bags, &c.

Gum Clothing, &c.

Now selling at the

RELIABLE STORE OF

DAVID LOWENBERG.

SIX CORD

ENDORSED BY OVER THIRTY SEWING MACHINE EXHIBITORS AT THE EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE,

Paris, 1878

AND INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION,

PHILADELPHIA, 1876,

As being "Very STRONG, SMOOTH, and EXCELLENT THREAD."

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY BY USING

SEMPLE'S SIX CORD SPOOL COTTON

TRY IT

S.F.T.

ESTABLISHED 1816.

MANUFACTURED AT MOUNT HOLLY, N.J.

STUART & BRO. (LIMITED) AGENTS, NEW YORK.

MEDALS AWARDED

PARIS, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK & BOSTON.

SOFT FINISH

ly

$300 A MONTH guaranteed. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Capital not required; we will start you. Men, women, boys and girls make money faster at work for us than at anything else. The work is light and pleasant, and such as anyone can go right at. Those who are wise who see this notice will send us their addresses at once and see for themselves. Costly Outfit and terms free. Now is the time. Those already at work are laying up large sums of money. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine. oct 3, '79-1y

WARNER'S SAFE REMEDIES

Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.

(Formerly Dr. Craig's Kidney Cure.)

A vegetable preparation and the **only sure remedy** in the world for **Bright's Disease, Diabetes, and ALL Kidney, Liver, and Urinary Diseases.**

1,000 Testimonials of the highest order in proof of these statements.

Ask For the cure of **Diabetes**, call for **Warner's Safe Diabetes Cure.**

Ask For the cure of **Bright's** and the other diseases, call for **Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure.**

WARNER'S SAFE BITTERS.

It is the best **Blood Purifier**, and stimulates every function to more healthful action, and is thus a benefit in all diseases.

It cures **Scrofulous** and other **Skin Eruptions** and Diseases, including **Cancers, Ulcers,** and other Sores.

Dyspepsia, Weakness of the Stomach, Constipation, Dizziness, General Debility, etc., are cured by the **Safe Bitters.** It is unequaled as an appetizer and regular tonic, whether taken in small or large doses; prices, **50c.** and **$1.00.**

Bottles of two sizes; prices, **50c.** and **$1.00.**

WARNER'S SAFE NERVINE

Quickly gives **Rest** and **Sleep** to the suffering, cures **Headache** and **Neuralgia,** prevents **Epileptic Fits,** and relieves **Nervous Prostration** brought on by excessive drinks, overwork, mental shocks, and other causes.

Powerful as it is to stop pain and soothe disturbed Nerves, it never injures the system, whether taken in small or large doses.

Bottles of two sizes; prices, **50c.** and **$1.00.**

WARNER'S SAFE PILLS

Are an immediate and active stimulants for a Torpid Liver, and cure **Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Diarrhœa, Malaria, Fever and Ague,** and should be used whenever the bowels do not operate freely. Mild and searching. No other Pills require such **Safe Bitters** to thoroughly work. Price **25 cts.** a box. **Warner's Safe Remedies** are sold by Druggists & Dealers in Medicine every where.

H. H. Warner & Co., Proprietors.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.
Send for Pamphlet and Testimonials.

Oct. 31, 1879-1y F & Bros.

This remarkable medicine will cure Scratches, Spavin, Curb, Callous, or any enlargement, and will remove the bunch without blistering or causing the hair to come off. No traveling or stable man should be without it. Certainty of action in stopping the lameness and removing the bunch. Price $1.00. Send for illustrated circular giving positive proof, and your druggist can procure agent's address. **Kendall's Spavin Cure is sold by Druggists,** or sent by Dr. B. J. Kendall & Co., Enosburg Falls, Vermont.

MOYER BROTHERS, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Highest Medal at Vienna and Philadelphia.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

591 Broadway, New York.

Manufacturers, Importers & Dealers in

Velvet Frames, Albums, Graphoscopes.

STEREOSCOPES AND VIEWS

Engravings. Chromos. Photographs.

And kindred goods—Celebrities, Actresses, etc.,

PhotographMaterials

We are Headquarters for everything in the way of

Stereopticons and Magic Lanterns.

Each style being the best of its class in the market. Beautiful Photographic Transparencies of Statuary and Engravings for the window.

Convex Glass. Manufacturers of Velvet Frames for Miniatures and Convex Glass Pictures.

Catalogues of Lanterns and slides, with directions for using, sent on receipt of ten cents.

Jan 9, '80-1y

THE JOHNSON REVOLVING BOOK-CASE.

Made of iron, beautifully ornamented. Adjustable shelves. Cheap and strong. Cannot get out of order. Four sizes. Send for complete circular and price list. Send 25 cents for our new illustrated Catalogue of School Merchandise. *Every Parent or Teacher should have it.*

EAKER, PRATT & CO.,

Headquarters for all School Supplies,

142 & 144 GRAND STREET, NEW YORK.

Sept 12, 1y W & co

The Purest and Best Medicine ever made.

A combination of **Hops, Buchu, Mandrake, Dandelion,** with all the best and most curative properties of all other roots, herbs, barks and Blood Purifier, Liver Regulator, and Life and Health Restoring Agents on earth.

No disease can ever take hold and make headway where Hop Bitters are used, so varied and perfect are their operations.

They give new life and vigor to the aged and infirm.

To all whose employments cause irregularity of the bowels or urinary organs, or who require an Aperient, Diuretic, or Sedative and Nervine, Hop Bitters are invaluable **without intoxicating.**

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what the cause or origin of your disease, if you feel bad Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad use Hop Bitters at once. It may save your life. It has saved hundreds.

$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help. Do not suffer another hour but procure them at once. Remember, Hop Bitters is no vile, drugged, drunk en nostrum, but the Purest and Best Medicine ever made. Use **"Invalids Friend and Hope,"** and no person or family should be without them.

Get some this day.

Hop Cough Cure is the sweetest, safest and best. Ask Children.

One Hop Pain for Stomach, Liver and Kidneys is superior to all others. Ask Druggists.

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistable cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics. All sold by druggists. Address Hop Bitters Co., Rochester, N. Y.

May 2, '79-1f.

NEW CURE, Consumption & Asthma. with stamp "HOME," Frostburg, Md. Never yet failed. Address

feb.6, '80-1y W&co

Weaver & Co's Ads

$2500 A YEAR TO GOOD AGENTS. We have the best thing for agents. Over 200 agents are now making from $2 to $15 a day. Send stamp for particulars. A. Gross & Co., AGENTS' HERALD, Box B, Philadelphia, Pa.

FREE GIFT! TO ALL who answer this advertisement. Address AGENTS' HERALD, Box B, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS! READ THIS! We will pay agents a salary or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful inventions. We mean what we say. Samples free. AGENTS' HERALD, Box B, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED for all the best and fastest-selling pictorial Subscription Books and Bibles. *Live agents* in every county in the country. Our *Diamond is simply immense*, and territory being rapidly taken. Will *outsell* any other books. Agents have a great opportunity now offered to persons out of employment or who do not like their present business, by engaging in an honorable and profitable business. Prices reduced from 10 to 50 per cent. Address AGENTS' HERALD, Box B, Philadelphia, Pa.

SILVER Ware at Manufacturers' Cost Prices. The utter worthlessness of the stuff advertised by a number of firms in New York, Philadelphia and Boston compels the world-renowned Tremont Spoon Co., of Philadelphia, to offer every one sample sets of their A 1 Silver Ware at prices much lower than any other place for them at wholesale. We make this offer for a short time simply to introduce our goods.

The "Rose" and "Olive" Brands Plated Ware sent at following rates: Tablespoons, $1.00 doz; Tablespoons, $2.00; Forks, $2.00; Forks, $1.75; Soup Ladle, $1.75; Pie Knives, $0.75; Tipped German Silver Tablespoons, $2.75; Teaspoons, $1.50; Plain G. S. Tablespoons, $2.50; Teaspoons, $1.25. Goods sent prepaid on receipt of money or postage stamps.

TREMONT SPOON CO., Box B, Philadelphia, Pa.

Samples by Mail For 25 Cents. They are made just like any good Caster, good Britannia Metal, reed and bead base. Every Agent can easily sell 25 gross of these perfect toys, before Christmas. Just the article for Counter Trade, Agents and Streetmen. 1 dozen by Express $1.50. 1 gross by Express $10.00. We also have a Collapsing Cup, which telescopes together and can be carried in Vest Pocket. Sample by Mail 50c. 1 dozen by Express $2.75. 6 doz. by Express $14.00. All the above goods are novel, attractive, highly polished and will sell rapidly. Address plainly,

TREMONT SPOON CO.,
Box B, Philadelphia, Pa.

dec.